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Philadelphia School District. Pa-

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Educational specifications are presented delineating instructional space requirements and relationships for a middle school in Philadelphia. Pennsylvania. A description of the desired educational programs is followed by a discussion of those spaces necessary to house the program and the relationship that they must bear one to the other. Descriptions are presented of the educational situation, components of the educational program, design requirements, and space allocations and general area relationships. Facility specifications are included for each of the school's 11 centers. Graphic illustrations are also given. (FS)



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NEW MIDDLE SCHOOL

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SCHOOL DISTRICT OF PHILADELPHIA

PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

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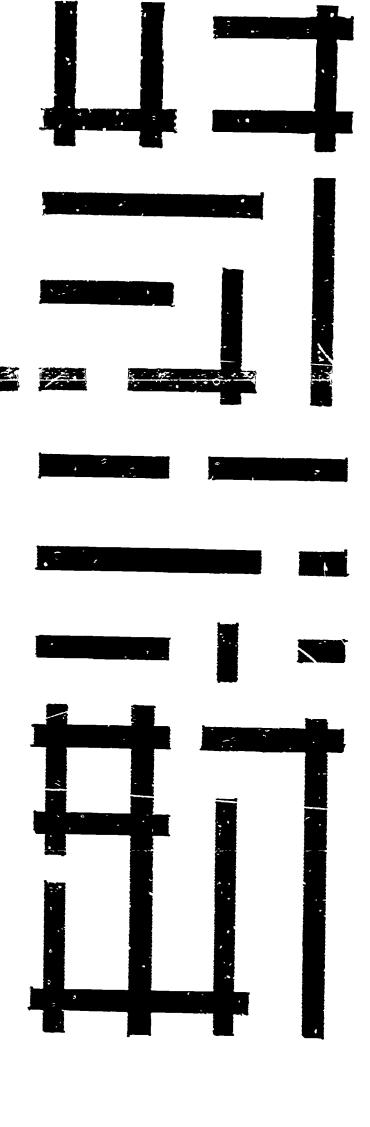


# CATION SPECIFICATIONS

## IEW MIDDLE SCHOOL

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF PHILADELPHIA

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Project No. 614





SCHOOL DISTRICT OF PHILADELPHIA Parkway at 21st Street Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

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### INTRODUCTION (About This Document)

School District of Philadelphia has adopted a Master Pian for the provision of best possible school facilities for all of its pupils. This plan includes hedule for the alterations and improvements of existing buildings, and the nstruction of new facilities is document constitutes the Educational Specifications for a new MIDDLE SCHOOL to constructed at Wayne and Chelten Avenues in the Germantown Area of Philadelphia, considered together with the District's Technical Criteria, provides itten directions to the Architect for his design of the total project

d future curriculum content, as flexibility requires that facility design stems om a knowledge of what and how children learn, and in what manner they will be school buildings must be designed and constructed so that all aspects of the ucational and service programs can be geared to changing instructional methods ucational program, and then proceed to a description of the facilities needed ught. Planning, therefore, must start with a determination of the desired

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e purpose of providing educational specifications, therefore, is to develop in cessary to house the program, and the relationship that these spaces must bear written form a description of this desired educational program, those spaces

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Using this document the architect may then derive functional one to the other.

nly serve as a tool for teaching, but also as a center for many community functions. relationships and evolve a design which best serves the educational goals of the School District of Philadelphia.

These Educational Specifications have been developed cooperatively, and represent a team effort on the part of educators, architects, engineers, and laymen. Throughout the planning the concept held foremost is that the resulting physical plant must not only serve as a tool for teaching, but also as a center for many community functions.

### THE SITUATION

he School District of Philadelphia has found that Middle Schoois, housing grades five Further, it is known that the facilities to house programs for hrough eight, allow the greatest educational advantages to pupils in the age group hese age levels have certain unique features. en through fourteen,

The problem, therefore, centures on a description of the desired instructional and community educational programs which this new school facility must house, the spaces the programs require, and the relationship of these spaces to each other in a situation wherein 1500 pupils of grades 5 - 8 occupy the building during normal and extended school hours, and the facility is used as a community center during other periods.

rtain spaces be designed with sufficient versatility for immediate conversion ditionally, flexibility in already accepted teaching techniques requires that langing instructional use of spaces as both curriculum and teaching methods owth in size of student body (possible 25% expansability required), and plan for the future school day. e function to another during any given period of the problem is further complicated by the need to ь Б

rculation, while the auditorium and gymnasium/pool facilities must have convenient School spaces must be provided to house groupings of dividual study. An Instructional Materials Center must be the focus of for large and small group instruction, as well as for standard classroom thin the new Middle

teaching techniques. Special instructional spaces such as shops, home arts laboratories science laboratories, and fine arts laboratories should be more closely related to the upper grades, and allowance must be made for organization by grade or subject centers.

Further, because of changes and refinements in instructional methodology, the new school plant must be relatively free of unyecling physical barriers and allow for future adaptability.

In summary, the new Middle School design must accommodate 1500 students (equal numbers of boys and giris), yet be expandable for future growth and adaptable to future changes in educational program. points of the school, and faculty office-work spaces must he provided to facilitate newer Special instructional spaces such as shops, home arts laboratories The administrative suite should be related to major control cess for community use.

organizational framework for education in the public school system of Philadelphia; School program is a distinct and complementary segment of the total The Middle

- It is designed to meet the academic, physical, emotional, intellectual, social, and aesthetic needs of young adolescents, ages 10 to 14, and to provide an educational program which contributes to the fulfillment of commonly accepied educational objectives, It fosters the all-around development of each pupil as he seeks a way of life which is satisfying to him as a person and which is in harmony with the democratic ideals of our changing society.
- It is a sound organizational unit in our public educational system. Teachers can be utilized as specialists in varying degrees of departmentalization with facilities and equipment designed to fit the needs of this age group and the departmentalized speciality.
- The Middle School curriculum is significantly different from the elementary school and the high school and is aimed at meeting the educational requirements, problems and interests of young adolescents.
- By requiring many common experiences of all students, the Middle School program is basically more general in nature than specialized. It emphasizes the continual improvement of fundamental skills, yet provides elective experiences to prepare the student for a more specialized curriculum in high school.
- . The Middle School educational program is based on sound guidance, principles and practices.

from elementary to high school, to furnish educational facilities and an educational The basic functions of the Middle School are to provide for a smooth transition

level, to serve as an exploratory educational situation in which the students may discover their potential for academic and vocational pursuits, and to provide the most efficient pupier as ents effective, and satisfying relationships between the student and the school community program suited to the growing degree of specialization of interasta of

- Experience rapid and irregular physical growth, mature in sex characteristics They are often erratic and unpredictable in emotional reactions and behavior. and patterns, and adjust to new emotional drives.
- boy-girl They experience unique problems in social behavior, particularly in They are developing personal and group standards of relationships.
- They are highly idealistic, are intensely loyal to their friends, and havurgent need to feel accepted by their group.
- They present a paradox in that they may be highly sensitive, easily hurt, and may suffer acutely when slighted or offended, yet at the same time sometimes cruelly insensitive to the feelings of others.
- They broaden their interests and search for ways to develop their talents and to exercise their choices, both in and out of school.
- They seek self-expression and self-direction and try to free themselver from dependence on adults at home, at school and in the community; yet inwardly they want discipline and definite limits set for themselves.
- They possess a wide range of individual differences. Their academic, physical, emotional, intellectual, social, and aesthetic abilities differ greatly. do not appreciate fully the extent or the limits of their capabilities.

#### EDUCATIONAL AIMS

Recognizing that learning occurs as an individual process, the fundamental objectives

ect correlate of independence in learning, it is apparent that when the responsibility ential to recognize and provide for individual rates of learning and accomplishment. scholarship is placed upon the student rather than upon the teacher, the stage is fixed time module of the same duration for each subject area. While the learning momenon takes place only within each individual, it should be remembered that this light, it is increasingly important to challenge the traditional concept this project is to create an environment which will enhance this phenomena. for education in its true sense. With focus on the individual student, it covery can occur during a lecture involving hundreds of students, or during cussion with only a handful of students

ermediate grade school program of the future. There are, however, certain discernible ces at work in reshaping the educational program. The major ones of these and tneir person, or group of persons, can predict with certainty the exact nature of the sequent building implications are identified for planning purposes.

#### STAFF UTILIZATION

nnewer forms of instructional methodology include provisions for the effective utilizaachers, and teaching interns, to assist with the non-professional and professional tasks The application of these on of staff and application of flexible educational techniques. Teacher aids, student w performed by teachers, would be utilized by teaching teams.

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signs will be tailored in accordance with the availability and competencies of these prople to cooperate and work together staff and the willingness of

team approach to teaching takes many forms, depending on the instructional situation In the Philadelphia Schools, it is possible to observe: and the staff involved.

- teachers share the responsibility for teaching a given number of pupils at a specific grade level. This cooperative teaching schools across the Nation, and is most often inter-disciplinary, Horizontal teaming - or the approach whereby a given number of technique is most commonly found in open-area elementary grado with teachers of a team representing several subject areas. 3
- cooperate to present instruction to groups of pupils across grade programs at all levels. In vertical teaming, teachers involved with a particular subject or activity area (intra-disciplinary) middle school programs and more recently in ungraded Vertical teaming - is most often found in high school, junior level or chronological age lines. high and (5)
- of situations wherein two or more teachers plan together to provide These situations may include any combination of the above noted students with the benefit of the best talents of each teacher. Situational teaming - includes, by definition, the great

### VARIABLE GROUPING

irning situations. The range includes large groups (100 to 300), medium groups (25 Variable grouping is based ide variety of student grouping patterns are developing to fit specific kinds of 60), small groups (5 to 15), and individual etudy (1),

Experience e individually tailored instruction can be handled better in smaller seminar groups the premise that not every phase of every subject can be taught best in uniform indicated that introductory materials, films, demonstrations, and much general group situation. Discussions, more personalized teacher-student contact, ssroom groups -- and not all students learn all things best in such groups. presented most efficiently by a talented aground information can be by individual study.

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#### NORGRADEDNESS

individual differences among children, and provides for continuous educational progress of students. This organizational concept recognizes each child. The bright child moves ahead to more difficult tasks generally reserved vertical lock-step graded organization of schools is being replaced in mamy systems Each child may work various levels in different subjects, thus permitting him to learn and progress the next grade in a graded school organization, and the slower child may take itional time to gain the concepts which are difficult for him. slowly as his interests and ability permit. non-graded or ungraded grouping dly or

### GROUPING TECHNIQUES

large group general, instructional will be organized around four kinds of activities:

group discussion, conventional class instruction; small instruction; intermediate or and individual study

take place in these large groups would be illustrated lectures, special demonstrations, ge sdnoag particularly competent, who have more adequate time to prepare, and who will activities that might However, the amount of time spent in large groups speakers, televised lessons, and motion pictures Large group instruction will include a number of activities carried out in may reduce that figure.) Instruction and discussions will be conducted by utilize the best possible instructional aids. Large group activities may change according to subject and grade level at different stages within a (Of course, limited enrollments or the nature of Examples of n accordance with student interest and maturity. testing, presentations by guest portion of the student's time. students. 100 or more who are

Intermediate group instruction will include many learning activities and functions which onventional classroom organization until such time as an orderly development toward conventional This form of instruction will permit the continuance lassroom activities and may also be used to complement the instruction which has This grouping encompasses the are unsuited to large group instruction, ther forms of instruction may take place. aken place in large groups.

depth a teacher engaged in Small group instruction will involve 12 to 15 students and

the activities that might take place in small groups would be analytical discussions, exploratory discussions, conferences, reporting, testing clarity of understanding, exploration of concepts through the guided interaction of students' own thinking.

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study carrels, project and materials center, museums, workshops, libraries, and Laboratories The amount of time will vary Examples of the activities that might take place on an individual or person to person basis would be reading, writing, outside of the school. Individual study activities will require that students drill, research, conference, and memorization. These activities will take place in Individual study will engage students' time in study activities as individuals or progressively take more responsibility for self-direction. to subject, grade-level, and student maturity. two or three with a minimum of supervision. groups of

## SCHOOLS WITHIN A SCHOOL CONCEPT

students resulting from high housing densities, educators have sought means for maintaining smaller and more simply oriented elementary schools into large completely departmentalized has been found possible to group students in ways that provide for small school settings child's identity within these large settings. Additionally, the transition from the high school situations has created adjustment and identity problems for some students. As school plants in urban complexes grow larger to accommodate the greater numbers of To contravert the psychological barrier to learning arising from these situations, it

into a "school" within the Middle School, and instructional programming for these pupils within the larger institutional unit. For instance, all fifth graders might be grouped might be organized as a unit apart from older youngsters or higher grade levels, thus providing for a transition period between the smaller elementary school and the middle school unit.

### FLEXIBLE SCHEDULING

of some subjects. A variation in the length and number of periods will create different Flexible scheduling bases on multiples of smaller modules of time, is being developed individual differences among pupils, and the need for greater continuity in the study to cope with the problems of equivalency of subjects diversity in learning outcomes movements and traffic patterns throughout the school plant.

## INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS CENTERS

include the need of inquiring minds to explore and react to the environment, and knowledge of this need provides the teacher with an unusual opportunity, given the proper resources and facilities, to help the student develop life-long habits of independent study and of the changing psychological needs of our youth in the middle-grade age group. The Middle School concept has in part emerged from an awareness on the part of investigation. nstructional Materials Centers (IMC) have been created to provide the necessary resources ocated in the focal point of all school circulation, and provides spaces for independent and/or group study amidst the collection of the material resources and modern electrenic materials, works activity with teaching staff to develop students' skills in locating communication media of the school. The IMC staff, in addition to being custodians for such programs. Departing from the traditional concept of a "library" the IMC and in understanding and interpreting materials that have been located

### COMMUNICATION MEDIA

Electronic laboratories, open and closedstrcuit television, video tape, overhead and to-the-rear projection, automatic response Middle Schools are making available to their teachers and students all possible avenues use ystems, teaching machines, radio, disc and tape recordings, wireless induction loops onjunction with Instructional Materials Centers to coordinate and sychrronize the Typically, communications centers are developed nd many other kinds and varieties of materials and equipment are available to o knowledge, appreciation, and understanding. the teaching-learning process. f all

### INCREASED SCHOOL PLANT USE

the school plant for adult educational programs, as community recreation centers, and n addition to the above-listed forces shaping the educational program, increased 41

for control roject storage, location within building for security and access, and zoning equirements for these secondary uses have implications for parking, material or year-round educational activities merits planning consideration.

### IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROGRAM

evel includes educational, pre-vocational and personal counseling. Pupils are helped The staff also identifies the causes th the pupil and his teachers and parents, and the utilization of every diagnostic educational and social maladjustments by means of individual testing, conferences Such a program Guidance service offered by specialists in the school and in the community. dentifies the gifted and those with limited ability so that the sourse of ssential to an intermediate school is a successful guidance program. understand their aptitudes and are encouraged to develop them. instruction can be adjusted to meet their needs. remedial

rticularly for industrial arts, homemaking, music, arts, science, typing, drama, and ulpment, an adjacent play area of recommended size, a cafeteria, and an auditorium pecially designed and equipped for teaching the various subjects of the curriculum, appropriate textbooks, audio-visual materials, equate plant including a library, a gymnasium with necessary facilities and with here the entire student body or large segments of it can meet together. successful program depends upon:

other specialized fields.

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nurse, counselors, other guidance specialists, administrators, clerical, and operational Implementing the program is a specially trained staff, including teachers, librarian,

#### UMMARY

a curriculum for differences in programs of study. In so doing, the Middle School requires materials, and which also takes into account the general characteristics as well as the individual which recognizes the conditions and requirements of the society of which it is a part, variations among its pupils. It provides schooling for all educable youth, yet allows Consistent with the educational purposes it serves, the Middle School offers serves. facilities, and staff appropriate to its task and to the youth it

interests, exploratory studies, activities outside the classroom, needed guidance services, strives to meet its responsibilities and achieve its purposes, the Middle School a program designed to bring about smooth transition from elementary to high school gives emphasis to general education and extends the basic skills of communication and At the same time, the Middle School features certain other desirable functions, by providing classes which challenge the varying levels of ability and computation. education,

one which meets the criterion of functionality. The four-year Middle School of grades The school which provides the best educational program for pupils of this age is the 5,6,7, and 8 has, in recent years, become an accepted method of school organization throughout the nation.

## DESI-GN REQUIREMENT

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refinements and changes in the middle school program, it is imperative that the building In fact, the building The design and construction of Philadelphia's first middle school facility provides an opportunity to implement an outstanding educational program for pre-adolescent and To accommodate the present curriculum and yet allow for stand in the way of program change and educational progress. adaptable to evolving educational inovations early adolescent youths. must be

meetings with the educational staff of the District and from analysis of curren't trends both from These basic planning assumptions establish used for developing the educational criteria that follow in subsequent s ctions. A number of fundamental assumptions have been developed by the Consultants, "tone" of the functions which the middle school should serve and, in turn, in educational and facility planning.

## 1. THE SCHOOL PLANT SHOULD BE DESIGNED TO ACCOMMODATE 1500 STUDENTS, WITH FUTURE EXPANSIBILITY.

Therefore, appropriate structural, mechanical, electrical, and architectural provision shall be made within budget limits students, However, expansion of the possible addition of up to 25% increase in student capacity. This new middle school should be planned for an initial capacity of 1500 consisting of about the same number of boys and girls. may be necessary at some unknown future date. to adapt to building

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## . THE BUILDING STRUCTURE MUST PROVIDE ADAPTABLE . AND FLEXIBLE SPACE.

anticipated that team teaching and various-sized instructional groups will become a nd Spaces as the "evolving" middle school curriculum and instructional procedures, the building Therefore, flexibility within the To provide the necessary flexibility of space demanded required by educational changes, e.g. modular construction, movable partitions, alteration of teachers to vary their instructional practice in any manner thought to o £ total building facility must allow for the enlarging or decreasing should be constructed so as to permit the rearrangement and more prevalent teaching method in the future. effective learning. demountable walls. It 18

## 3. POSITIVE ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL MUST BE ESTABLISHED.

improves ventilation through elimination of air pollutents, reduces glass breakage promotes the This is to be achieved through the coordinated effort of a source o and requirements for window washing, enhances opportunities for exterior aesthetic architects design team to produce soundly engineered control of thermal, light, This is in keeping with compact construction and Consistent with this requirement, window areas shall be minimal thermal aconomy, improves quality of illumination through elimination of environmental setting in schools is of the essence, a each instructional situation. environment is essential. sonic factors. Since a proper glare,

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Appropriate glare control devices (shades, blinds, etc.) shall be included on the general construction contract. In view of the School District's development, and provides important additions of wall space for chalkboard, tackboard, necessary safety features must be incorporated in design to include suitable knock-out panels for easy access from the exterior by firemen and hose lines, venting for smoke, policy of drastic reduction, although not complete elimination, in window areas, and for cther educational needs. and for emergency lighting

# . THE BUILDING IS TO BE AIR CONDITIONED FOR YEAR-ROUND USE.

effectiveness of this temperature contribution to the thermal environment, the following The primary objective in providing an optimum thermal environment is the control of overheating and maintenance throughout the year of minimum variation in temperature In order to attain the within a range of 70 degrees to 75 degrees F in classrooms. additional criteria also pertain:

- Design of structure so that interior mean radiant temperature approximates that of interior air temperature, or, as an alternative, counteraction elimination of a heat loss of occupants to cold walls and windows.
- Relative humidity of approximately 50% in cooling period. 2
- quantities of clean, fresh filtered outdoor air, supplemented, when necessary by odor absorption provisions. Mechanical filtration of total air quantity. Dilution of odors to an acceptable threshold by provision of adequate ີວ
- working level and to minimize excessive temperature gradient from the floor Air movement continuous and sufficient for even distribution throughout <del>p</del>

- Equipment noise level below acceptable maximum for type of •
- f) Simple and adequate control.

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- g) Rapid response of system to maintain thermal environment.
- h) Safety of operation.
- with the architectural and structural design and with visual wonic environment. 7

to be submitted during design development GUIDES AND STANDARDS. Technical criteria, inclusive of reports are contained in the TECHNICAL CRITERIA, NOTE:

## · PROPER ACOUSTICAL CONTROL IS REQUIRED IN THIS SCHOOL.

noise control at the source, attenuation of sound transmission where necessary, prevention provided by application of appropriate design methods. Acoustical design shall include ceilings shall be provided generally for all learning areas, corridors, administrative partitions, **0** Good hearing conditions are related to the function of each room or area shall of leakage of unacceptable high intensity and high pitched levels through and judicious location of facilities that produce such sound frequencies. suites, lunchrooms, and faculty workspaces

6. FLOOR COVERINGS MUST SATISFY NUMEROUS CONSIDERATIONS.

the The selection of floor material for each room or area must be appropriate

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The use of carpeting in rooms that will be subjected to noise due to impact color contrast with other surfaces in the field of view, suttability to the ared's function and use, safety, and owning and operating costs constitute the basic example, desks and chairs would be rearranged as operable partitions between rooms to which it will be subjected and also consonant with the sonic environment to be from movement of furniture or other equipment is considered essential, where, for are opened. All general purpose classrooms, the Instructional Materials Center, Appearance, durability, ease of maintenance, avoidance of floor offices and counseling areas, and study carrel areas should be carpeted

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## 7. SCHOOLS SHOULD BE AESTHETICALLY ATTRACTIVE,

texture and color combinations. Colors should be coded according to the activity taking economic means of reducing glare from 12ght sources and windows shall be given attention Special consideration should The interral and external appearance of a school should present a pleasing and inviting to the furnishings that will be provided by the School District, and an appropriate and place and the type of atmosphere that is desired in a particular space; e.g. relaxing Selection of interior finishes as to color and texture, relationship to the and of providing comfortable relationships. Interior finish schedule shall be materials of Such an environment can be created with the use of included in the general contract plans and specifications. or stimulating. atmosphere.

other given to finishes used on walls in corridors, multi-purpose facilities and cleaning. of provide ease "hard use areas" so as to

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## . QUALITY OF LIGHT IS IMPORTANT.

normal tasks performed in the room, reflectances of all surfaces, special lighting effects the 11ghting system for a classroom should include a detailed study of the required, normal sight lines, zoned control of lighting and color correction. o£

footcandle levels recommended today require a much closer control of brightness contrasts ceiling reflectances should be high to reduce luminaire brightness contrast. from the 11ghting source and centrol of reflectances from wall, paper and desk tops. greatly reduce sharp between luminaire and ceiling, and at the same time reduce brightness and glare Suspended luminaires with large percentage of uplight will of luminaire. The higher bottom

tasks and at the same time be capable of being switched to lower levels with even general illumination levels should be designed to confortably handle the difficult light distribution for audio-visual presentations. The chalkboard should have reflectance with suitable supplementary vertical surface lighting, The lighting of special use rooms, especially art and drafting rooms, should be carefully The illumination levels with proper contrasts are very critical for both studied.

applications with color rendition a very special problem in art rooms.

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be coordinated with color schemes. Art Rooms should use color corrected warm white balance with natural daylight. In windowless classrooms, the color of lamps should Classrooms having large areas of glass should use cool white lamps to achieve best lamps with supplementary incandescent lighting to create highlights and shadows Tables of illumination levels are contained in TECHNICAL CRITERIA, GUIDES AND STANDARDS NOTE:

## 9. THE DESIGN OF THE BUILDING MUST PROVIDE AREAS FOR INDIVIDUAL STUDY.

Therefore, Both the school building and educational program must then alilow the student a <u>time</u> and study carrels should be provided throughout the building, in departmental areas, grade student in a modern school situation may move from a classroom or large group instruclevel areas, and the Instructional Materials Center to give the student an opportunity tional area into an individualized study situation at any time during the school day. place to study/meditate/relax with printed/visual/audio materials that may be either A renewed emphasis in education today is on concern for the individual student. directly related to a given lesson or generally broadening in their influence. to pursue any of a multitude of interests on his own.

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10: THE DESIGN OF ACADEMIC AREAS SHOULD INCORPORATE SPACE FOR SMALL GROUP INSTRUCTION.

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without disturbing other students; small seminar areas should be conveniently located centers; and an area of the Instructional Material Can groups to Classrooms should be arranged so such groups O. seninar Space must be provided throughout the building for small One type of instructional grouping involves 10-15 students in a Center should allow small seminar meetings. and discuss learning problems. in the departmental/grade level situation.

1. THE DESIGN OF ACADEMIC AREAS SHOULD INCORPORATE SPACE FOR MEDIUM/LARGE GROUP INSTRUCTION.

Teachers should have easy access to spaces that allow instructional partitions in the auditorium, Such spaces may be provided through the us of movable partitions that allow two or more classrooms to be joined into one large Included in the variety of group instructional patterns is large group instruction instructional space and by constructing movable mechanical groupings of 40-120 pupils or even more. more classes. 0

2. AN INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS CENTER SHOULD BE PLANNED AS THE FOCAL POINT FOR ALL INSTRUCTIONAL SPACE IN THE SCHOOL. concept of a "library" is changing to one that provides not unly books, magazines other printed materials, but also a wide variety of other communication media in pur The

according to individual student interest and capacity. This pursuit of learning should be possible in a small group instructional setting or at individual study carrels, some addition, one area of the IMC serves as the center for electronic reception/storage/ Therefore, this area should be located central The space should serve as a center of activity allows students to use books, tapes, projectors, and other educational resources of which will be provided with facilities to use audio or video taped material. distribution of electronic/video instructional materials for the school plant. manner accessible to all students. the academic areas of the school.

### THE BUILDING SHOULD PROVIDE FOR ELECTRONIC EDUCATIONAL INSTRUCTION. 13.

surface to prevent Keystone effect. In addition, classrooms should be connected Classrooms should be arranged and have adequate electrical This means the projective surface must be adjustable to provide either a vertical to the IMC in a manner that would permit utilization of other modern electronia Modern technology is providing new instructional procedures both for group and facilities to utilize various A-V hardware. The projective surface over the station should be adaptable for higher overhead projection or motion picture such as television, computers, and video tape recordings individualized instruction. slanted













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4. CHALKBOARD AND TACKBOARD SHOULD BE PROVIDED AT EACH INSTRUCTIONAL AREA.

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ceiling "pinwall" construction eliminates the requirement of tackboard, and the installa-Recent developments in materials used in school construction allow greater flexibility "front" writing surface should be provided in each classroom and a minimum of 8 lineal writing-surfaced demountable partitions eliminates or reduces the need for in the provision of wall writing surfaces and display areas. The use of floor to chalkboards regardless of the use of these materials, minimum of 16 lineal feet destrable in small group/conference areas.

# 15. THE AUDITORIUM SHOULD BE DIVISIBLE TO SERVE AS SEVERAL INSTRUCTIONAL AREAS.

into several instructional areas. The dividing partitions should be mechanically operated In order to increase utility and justify the expense, the space devoted to an auditorium of adequate size for teaching activities; chalkboard surfaces; provisions for A-V must serve both as an audience/spectator area and also have the capacity for division projection and for TV reception; adequate ventilation and air conditioning; adequate provide an adequate sound barrier to permit medium and large group instruction. In addition, each instructional space must provide the following: a level area in intensity, and quality of lighting; and exits. front,

A FACULTY LOUNGE/DINING AREA SHOULD PROVIDE THE OPPORTUNITY FOR TEACHERS TO MEET INFORMALLY.

A teacher lounge area allows a teacher to relax and converse with professional colleagues. In addition, this area serves as a space in which the teacher may obtain lunch or light space should be cheerfully decorated and contain a mixture of movable lounge furniture. The informal social atmosphere can assist in developing staff unity and morale. refreshments

7. FACULTY WORK SPACE SHOULD BE PROVIDED FOR INDIVIDUAL TEACHER PREPARATION AND TEAM PLANNING.

The custom in a departmentalized school of assigning a teacher to a clausroom for the entire day, but scheduling classes in it for only part of the day, is an uneconomical Greater economy can be acheived by scheduling classes for the entire school day in a given classroom and supplying a separate office area for teachers. arrangement recognizes that a teacher as a professional deserves an office. use of space.

office areas should generally be an open space with semi-privacy provided by furniture This also allows accrual of benefits to the educational program through interaction and cooperation between teachers. In addition, such areas provide space The offices should be grouped according to disciplines, grade levels, or teams, for professional conferences and instructional preparation. arrangement.

area, work area, resource area, and an area for faculty aldes. The office/workspace area should be easily accessible from all instructional spaces In addition to the areas provided for instructors, space should be allowed the space will vary depending on the combinations of disciplines and the number of instructors to The size of that relate to the specific grouping of teachers. storage, conference

18. SPACE MUST BE PROVIDED FOR THE ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF AND RELATED ACTIVITIES.

supporting clerical staff; counselors and secretarial aids; health services; roster room; within these spaces aid in supporting and coordinating the educational program within discipline office; home/school coordinator and visiting district-level specialists; The activities administration center should provide space for the principal, vice principals, and the school and maintain liaison between the school and the community. The nerve center of the middle school is the administrative suite. storage of supplies; and conference area.

19. PROVISIONS MUST BE MADE FOR ADEQUATE STORAGE SPACE FOR STAFF/SCHOOL MATERIALS.

individual wardrobe and For adequate material storage in each teaching space; (2) individual departmental/grade level Storage space must be provided for a variety of different materials. storage, the following facilities should be provided: (1)

and shelving in other educational areas; e.g., science, art, and Instructional Materials storage room in administrative suite for clerical supplies; (6) builk-in storage facilities for musical instruments in music area; (7) equipment storage in gymnasium, storage rooms for supplies and books; (3) Gustodial storage closets for maintenance remedial gym, and P.E./Activity areas; (8) storage rooms for materials and supplies adult and community use activities in spacer used for this purpose; and (11) storage supply storage at custodial receiving/storage/repair in the Practical Arts Center; (9) stagecraft storage in auditorium; (10) items and supplies; (4)

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Metal shelving of required garage should be included on the general construction contract. Resilient tile flooring should generally be provided for storage areas.

# 20. CUSTODIAL, MAINTENANCE, AND RECEIVING MUST BE PROVIDED.

custodial storage, receiving and maintenance area, and a ready room for custodial Provision must be made, in addition, to boiler and mechanical rooms, for a custodian employees, in accordance with the following delineation:

- Custodian's Office The office shall be desirably located with a vision area to the boiler room and have an area of approximately 75 sq. ft. custodian's office need not be located at boiler room floor level.
- Custodial Storage areas shall be provided at appropriate locations (perhaps four) on each floor, each approximately 70 sq. ft. in size, equipped with **P**

- drains. Shelving for storage of cleaning and preserving material, for mops, brooms, and buckets, and room for a floor polisher shall service sink and hot and cold water and appropriately depressed provided in these rooms.
- Change Rooms Change rooms for 12 custodial cleaning women, approximately men approximately 150 sq. ft. shall be provided. Toilets with shower and lavatory shall be located in each a space 175 sq. ft. In size and for 6 change room as well as lockers.

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the custodian's office and for ease in horizontal and vertical movement supplies within the building. A main custodial supply storage room of entrance with truck bed height receiving platform and easy access to a approximately 500 sq. ft. and a main instructional storage room of approximately 500 sq. ft. shall be located centrally and not far from receiving (or temporary storage) room shall be located desirably Receival, storage, repair area of approximately 1200 sq. ft. the custodian's office.

## 1. STUDENT SAFETY MUST BE CONSIDERED.

that should be given special emphasis in safety design include: stairways, corridors, ould be able to move about in the building without running any risks arising from ience areas, glass enclosed areas, the auditorium gymnasium, wet floor areas such ulty school design: e.g., doors opening into corridors, projecting materials. Consideration must be given for pupil safety throughout the school building physical education, locker rooms, and the swimming pool.

# 32. STUDENT TRAFFIC PATTERNS, BOTH WITHIN AND OUTSIDE SCHOOL, SHOULD BE CAREFULLY PLANNED.

udent traffic flow must be considered so as to minimize overcrowding and student movement

to and from school,  $\widehat{\mathbf{I}}$ difficulties. Two traffic movements must be considered: circulation within the school. 3

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Pupils will arrive a 1 depart in automobiles Daily traffic to and from school will involve children, teachers, and parents; vehicular be an auto loading and unloading area, bicycle racks in an accessible location, approach facilities for each form of transportation should be separate as much as possible, and sidewalks to building, and bus loading and unloading area. Traffic patterns and passengers and pedestrians should not cross wheeled transportation lines. driven by adults, on bicycles, on foot, and in school district busses, delivery of supplies; and removal of waste.

and submit a study, at the time of submission of preliminary plans, in which he recommends and out of the parking area, movement of school buses, and movement of vehicles servicing any traffic aids, safety precautions, traffic lights and signs, movement of vehicles in The architect shall study the traffic patterns in the general vicinity of the project the building

Circulation patterns should permit teachers and students to move easily and quickly from one classroom setting to the following classroom without delay due to traffic congestion. Movement within the school is termed "circulation."

33. FACULTY/VISITOR/BUS PARKING AREA MUST BE PROVIDED.

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Off-street parking must be provided for faculty and other staff cars equal to 100 percent of staff personnel, plus at least Staff-wisitor parking must be provided on the site. 20 percent additional parking spaces for visitors.

4. FUNCTIONAL SPACES OUTSIDE THE BUILDING SHOULD RELAIE TO THE PROPER INTERIOR SCHOOL SPACES.

Physical Education for guidance in the design of internal and external physical education The school plant should be related on the school site so exterior areas will be convenegress routes, and service areas for supply delivery and disposal of waste materials. The architect should work closely with the School District's Division of Health and Exterior areas that need special consideration include physical education facilities, play fields, pupil access iently located to the appropriate school spaces, facilities,

25. OPERATING ECONOMY REQUIRES BUILDING COMPACINESS.

both mechanical operations and in custodial maintenance in an "under one roof" design. Economy of construction, operation and maintenance result from building compactnass, Maintenance crats may be reduced in Therefore, dusign should provide for a minimum building perimeter that still a desirable educational program to function,

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3. ADEQUATE UTILITY SERVICES MUST BE PROVIDED AND DISTRIBUTED TO ALL AREAS THROUGHOUT THE SCHOOL PLANT.

outlets in each instructional space of the school; (7) public telephones in recessed areas address system with remote control in the administrative area; (6) adequate electrical telephone lines accessible for principal, vice principals, kitchen manager, counselors, (2) a bell or tone system controlled in the administrative area; (3) a "master" clock head custodian, physical education staff, music teachers, nurse, and each departmental (1) Lockable private house phone connected to the Administration Center; elactricity. In addition, the school must have the following systems throughout the The school must have the basic utility services of water, sewer, fuel supply, and office area; and (9) automatic temperature controls and adequate lighting in each a one-way public near the administration center, gymnasium, swimming pool, and auditorium; (8) system with clocks in each room; (4) a fire alarm system; (5) instructional space. building:

FOR TOILET FACILITIES/DRINKING FOUNTAINS/HOT AND COLD WATER. PLUMBING FIXTURES SHOULD BE PROVIDED THROUGHOUT THE SCHOOL 27.

Pupil toilet rooms must be located throughout the building. Boys' and girls' facilities should be located for convenience of access on each floor or area of the building. Rest rooms for and booth surfaces should be difficult to mark and easily washed.

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than those in connection with the physical education and health facilities, shall be will serve as a "powder room" and should include an area with a full-length mirror. The number of pupil toilet facilities to be installed in the school building other determined based on the following criteria:

Boys' Toilet

WC - 1 per 75 boys or 1ess Urinal - 1 per 30 boys or less Lavatory - 1 per 50 boys or less

Girls Toilets

WC - 1 per 35 girls or less Lavatory - 1 per 50 girls or less In addition, a sanitary booth consisting of WC, lavatory, and a full length mirror shall be provided for all girls' toilet rooms.

rooms to have access from the yard. All fixtures shall be wall-hung, except where the Judicious consideration shall be given in the determination of the size and location located on each floor with an even distribution of fixtures on each floor with some toilet rooms in satisfying the above criteria. Two toilets for each sex should be number of fixtures is very small and the cost of the pipe space would justify its elimination and installation of floor-counted fixtures.

provided, not over the lavatory, but near it. The following heights, floor to rim, shall Toileto shall be heated, effective mechanical ventilation provided, windows (if any) shall be translucent glass or other opaque material, and a stainless steel shelf

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be followed for the fixtures indicated;

rinals, 20" (Spacing not less than 2'2" on centers.)

(Stall size to be not less than 2'6"x4'6", with partitions to be either baked enamel metal, installed 1'0" from the floor, with the top of the partition 5'0" from the floor, or reinformed concrete masonry unit walls glaze painted.) 15"

avatory, 31" (Spaced not less than 2'2" on centers,

Toilet stall hardware shall be appropriately located to prohibit Paper holders, mirrors, soap dispensers, etc. shall be shown on the drawings for quentity and location and shall be noted as being provided by the School District and installed by striking of the door by cubicic components. This applies to toilets of all types the plumbing contractor. throughout the building.

maintenance, cleanliness, and neat appearance. A structural glaze tille base is preferred Floor drain shall be All toilet room slabs, inclusive of the slab under pipe spaces, shall be depressed and All screen walls shall be a provided with appropriate waterproofing membrane. All toilet room walls shall, where minimum of 6" thick. All finishes in toflet rooms shall be selected based on ease 2'0" to 2'6" is desired. plumbing fixtures occur, be a minimum of 6" in thickness. Unpainted pipe space width of

Separate faculty toilet facilities should be provided on each floor for men and women.

Additional toilet and lavatory facilities should be constructed in the following areas:

- food service; teachers' lounge; (4) health suite; (2) principal's office; (3)
- physical education area. receiving/storage/repair area; and (6) (3)

receiving/storage/repair, exploratory technology, homemaking, food service area, In addition, hot and cold running water should be provided in the following wall-hung chilled water drinking fountains should be distributed at convenient The fountains should be located in the hallways and in areas not chilled water) shall be provided at the rate of one spout per 70 pupil population of activity that promote water consumption, e.g., music, dining areas, and physical Gang drinking fountain facilities (but and located in several appropriate points on the building exterior wall, with the locations throughout the building with the fountain area to be finished for ease art, physical education, and health suite. ground to rim. bubblers at a height of 30" maintenance and economy.

### 9. DISPLAY AREAS SHOULD BE AVAILABLE AT SCHOOL ENTRANCE AND OTHER AREAS.

replacement of background material and provide adequate lighting, security and safety. Display space for art work, notices of school activities and school awards should be located near each departmental/grade level center throughout the school Part of the display space could be provided by display windows that permit

In addition, picture moldings should be provided at least in the first floor hallways pictures. for hanging

. INDIVIDUAL STUDENT LOCKERS SHOULD BE PROVIDED.

books, outer clothing, and other personal items. Arrangements should be made to install Provide minimum of 1200 lockers, one for each student, grades 6-8, for the storage of master key. Lockers should be interspersed in the hallways throughout the school so locker should be equipped with a built-in combination lock that may be opened with 6 inches wide, 60 inches high, and 18 inches deep would provide abundant space. a minimum of 350 additional lockers if school enrollment exceeds 1500 pupils. as to minimize traffic congestion.

Students should have tote-trays to carry books Storage could be provided by means of individual classroom cloak areas with Students in grade 5 should be provided an area in their grade center for books and and supplies as they circulate in the grade center complex. shelf space for books or personal items. clothing.

30. SCHOOLS TWO STORIES OR MORE MUST CONTAIN ELEVATORS.

To facilitate the movement of supplies and physically handicapped students, provisions must be made to provide elevators in school buildings that are two stories or more The number of alevators should be based on the location of academic in height.

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work areas that require the delivery of large quantities of supplies, the number of floors, and the square footage of floor space at the high levels.

### . STAIRWAYS AND CORRIDORS.

than 70° from any stairway, and open wells are not permitted. Non-slip treads, handrails, gymnasium. Stairways shall satisfy pertinent laws; no classroom door shall be farther and banisters shall be provided. Headroom shall be adequate. Stair doors shall swing outward and panic bolts shall be provided on doors opening to the exterior. Attention Corridors shall not Location and design of stairways and corridors shall fully meet the requirements of if large groups must be dispersed from areas such as the cafeteria, auditorium, and shall be given to head clearance at stair landings and light fixtures shall be of safe and rapid circulation, with special consideration to be given the width of be used for instructional purposes but shall be used for circulation only. type and be located so as to avoid the possibility of tampering.

# FENCING SHOULD BE PROVIDED AS NECESSARY FOR THE SCHOOL PLANT.

Appropriate gates shall be provided for access by fire apparatus to the building Fencing shall be provided as necessary for the security and protection of pupils and property. Wherever possible, structural provisions should be substituted for

3. FIRE EXTINGUISHER PLACEMENT MUST BE PLANNED.

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Niches shall be provided in corridors for 2 1/2 gallon pressurized water fire extinguishers, Other code requirements per location of extinguishers to comply with Class A, B, and C fires shall be provided. one per 2500 sq. ft. of floor space.

34. PLAY YARDS MUST BE PROVIDED FOR THIS SCHOOL.

The size and location of play yards, with respect to the building, must be planned for safety of location. The play yard should be paved and properly sloped to drains with fountains should be provided at appropriate locations. Yard bells and exterior fire grades not exceeding 2%. Steps and retaining walls should be avoided, and drinking alarm bells shall be located for easy hearing

. THE SCHOOL SITE MUST BE LANDSCAPED.

healthy trees, where practicable, shall be retained. Planting shall be selected on the Hose bibs for watering are basis of minimum maintenance and grooming requirements, and must include plants that Appropriate landscaping shall be included in the development of the project. will thrive on a minimum of feedings and withstand abuse. required and sod should be used instead of seeding 36. AESTHETIC IMPROVEMENT OF THE BUILDING THROUGH THE USE OF DECORATIVE ART IS DESIRED.

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form of decorative Procedures for the satisfaction of this requirement are detailed, art be included in this project. By definition, this requirement might be satisfied by inclusion of a mural, mosaic or fresco, or might include sculpture, monuments, description of these procedures is available from the Chief Engineer. To enhance the unique character of each school, it is desired that some glass, or bas relief. and

SIMPLICITY AND ECONOMY OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION IS IMPORTANT. 37.

capital Wherever reasonable and practicable, fixtures, hardware, and mechanical and electrical to be proof against tampering, willfull shapes and sizes, owning and operating costs shall be given full consideration In the selection of materials and equipment and in the design the end that the most appropriate construction, from the standpoint of amortised cost for operating and maintenance costs, attained. items should be so located or designed as accidental damage.

INSTALLED EQUIPMENT MUST BE SCHEDULED AND COORDINATED WITH STANDARD ITEMS. 38.

contracts, the furnishing and installation of the following installed equipment: The architect shall include in the appropriate general, mechanical and/or electrical prime

Auditorium seats Fixed Laboratory equipment

Stage curtains and other auditorium curtains and/or drapes.

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Gymnasium equipment Steel shelving Any installed metal office equipment Food service equipment

Student lockers Installed library equipment Music equipment storage facilities

in ample time to permit the School District's Purchasing Agent to procure the furnishings to development of his interior finish schedule, confer with the Chief Engineer, Director by the Purchasing Agent of the School District, the architect shall, in ample time prior procurement items and install them in timely fashion with respect to construction contract completion. of Equipment and Supplies, and the Purchasing Agent. This conference must be In order to assure appropriate compatibility between all other furnishings building (desks, chairs, bookcases, etc.), all of which are standard

#### 39. GENERAL SUMMARY.

operation Design must be an integrated composition of primary criterion governing design is one which produces the optimum solution cost of instructional and administrative requirements within budgetary limitations. arrangement of space with visual sonic and thermal environment consistent with wherein the engineering is blended with the architecture to produce an optimum maintenance is desired. The building is to be compact in structure and functional, pleasing, and economical project, both in first cost and in needs of each area and condusive to the learning process appropriately to the site, and surroundings.

40. ARCHITECTURAL VISITS.

ERIC Fred House Brown Eric

in the United States in order to be appraised of modern solutions to educational problems. Subsequent to these visits the architect should discuss his findings and recommendations with the Director of School Planning and the Director of Architecture and Engineering. The architect and his consulting team should visit and study the functions of several Philadelphia public schools in order to learn firsthand design problems for solution. Visits should also be made to several outstanding new middle schools built elsewhere

### SPACE ALLOCATIONS

Such a curriculum requires a variety of spaces, each dusigned to permit several Therefore, it is necessary to develop the following information for each space The School District of Philadelphia desires a middle school facility that will encourage an exploratory and comprehensive educational program for an initial enrollment of 1500 within the facility: unctions. tudents.

- . The TYPE of space
- . The CAPACITY of each space
- The approximate SQUARE FOOTAGE of each space
- A DESCRIPTION of the educational function of each space
- Schematic drawings that indicate SPATIAL RELATIONSHIP of each area to other spaces within the school plant.

as a guide in establishing the relationships of the lant with the educational program. his information should serve

he Philadelphia School District has allocated 113 square feet per student for "intermediate chools." Based on a middle school enrollment of 1,500 students, the total gros's square ootage, the net square footage available for instructional space, and the net square ootage available for non-instructional space Would be computed as follows

170,000 total gross square 1500 students @ 113 sq. ft. per pupil. . .

42,000 square Structural, mechanical, service, and circulation area (25% gross)

126,000 square Net Available Instructional Space (75% gross)

on-instructional space includes corridors and passageways, toilet rooms, staircases oiler rooms, staircases echanical areas, and elevators.

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space presently allocated for the middle school 18 126,000 square feet, which is less than the budgeted The following sections indicate the proposed square footage for each instructional area. The total square footage allowed for instructional space in this school.

### APPROXIMATE SPACE ALLOCATIONS

A. ADMINISTRATION CENTER	3276
1. General Office/Secretary/Reception	
2. Administration Center Storage	100
3. Administrative Offices	475
4. Discipline Area	250
5. Conference Area	200
6. Faculty Room	300
7. Roster Room	150
8. Guidance/Visiting Staff/Miscellancous	1,090
9. Health Suite	570
GRADE CENTER: GRADE 5	11, 300
1. Classrooms	10,200
	1,150
INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS CENTER	085 es
1. Individual Study/Reference Area	
2. Individual Electronic Study Area	880
3. Conference/Group Instruction Area	009
4. Communication Center	000
1111	F-70-7

## APPROXIMATE SPACE ALLOCATIONS (continued)

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KEY			
D. H	D. HUMANITIES	7	8,310
	1. English 2. Developmental Reading	5,790	
	3. Social Studies	5,79	
	4. Foreign Language	,62	
	5. Department Center	, 4 L	
E. M.	MATHEMATICS		6,990
	1. Classrooms	5,790	
	2. Department Center	, 20	
F. S.	SCIENCE		8,365
	1. Classroom/Laboratory	008,3	
		009	
		27 T	
		066	
	5. Individual Student Project Area	008	
	6. Photography Laboratory	On	
E.	FINE AND PERFORMING ARTS	GT.	9,370
	1. Auditorium Complex	3,0,640	
	2. Art	4,940	
	3. Music	3,790	
H. P.	PRACIICAL ARIS CENTER	**	3,320
	1. Exploratory Technology	8, 500 000, 1	
	2. Homemaking	ນ ເ	
		אכ	
	4. Department Center	3	

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AS	AREA		SQUARE FEET
I.	DINING/		10.220
		4.410*	
		8.000	
	3. Boys' and Girls' Rest Room	) ) 1	
		1.200	
	5. Token/Coin/Ticket Booth	200	
		300	
		) ) 1	
		4,200	
	9. Student Patio Area	3	
J.	PHYSICAL EDUCATION		0
		טטני ננ	010119
	2. Remedial Gym	001.1	
		•	
		820	
	5. Boys' Locker Area	2.660	
	6. Girls' Locker Area	2,700	
	•	9,530	
	8. Field Area	1	
Ж.	MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS		
	1. Receival/Storage/Repair Area	1,200	******
	•	ORL	
	. Change Room	175	
	•	150	
	· Custodian's Office	75	
	6. Custodial Storage Areas	340	
		TOTAL	126,000

<sup>\*</sup> See Dining/Activity Area \*\* Not included in total of not instructional space

### A. ADMINISTRATION CENTER

- 1. General Office/Secretary/Reception
- . Administrative Center Storage
- 1. Administrative Offices
- . Discipline Area
- . Conference Area

· Faculty Room

Roster Room

- 8. Guidance/Visiting Staff/Miscellaneous
- 9. Health Suite

The Administration Center of a school serves as the administrative/communications

for students and adults, with those functions related to student programming (counseling, to the central administrative operation of a school. Separate access should be provided suite. Located around the general office area are the administrative offices, guidance This area should be designed with the general office as the core of the administrative offices, health center, faculty room, conference areas, and other offices that relate hub wherein directions and coordination for all activities are given. health, scheduling) most directly related to student circulation,

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<b>)4</b>	Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
	GENERAL OFFICE/SECRETARY/RECEPTION AREA	Ą		1,000	
	a. Public Reception	1	г	(200)	. Relate to main public entrance and the principal's office.
	,				. Provide comfortable and welconing atmosphere for parents, students and visitors.
	b. General Office/Secretary Area	9		(800)	. Direct access to administrutive storuge area, principal's office and vice-principal's office of the storuge o
					. This area provides open space for general clerical work, record recording, duplications, and attendance functions,
					. Use counter to separate secremaries' desta from Public Reception area, Provide storage facilities in counter,
					. Controls access of students o; visitors ii. principal's or vice-principals' offices.
					. Locate central P.A., clock, boll system near principal's office.
61	ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER STORAGE AREA	ı	1	100	Storage of clerical supplies for Administra- tion Center with adjustable shelving in Sturing area. Direct access to General Cffice Se
					tary/Public Reception Area,

(cortinued)
CENTER
ADMINISTRA11ON
Ä

Space	Se		Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
3.	ADK	ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES			475	
	ત	Principal's Office	9	г	(225)	. The principal's office is the center from which communication and coordination of the school originates. Relate to vice-principals' offices and conference room.
						. Immediate access to General Office/Reception area, public entrance via General Office area, and direct access to main traffic circulation.
						. Provide seating for 4 to 6 people in small group discussion or conferences.
						. Sound isolation from hallways und clerical areas required.
						. Provide built-in security safe for storage of valuable, money, etc.
	ė.	Toilet	н	П	Not In- cluded	. Private rest room for principal.
	ပ်	Vice-Principals' Offices (ea. @ 125 sq.ft.)	4	7	(250)	. Direct access to General Office/Reception area and to main traffic circulation with access through Public Reception area.

. Provide seating for 3 to 4 pecule in conference situation.

4. ADMINISTRATION CENTER (continued)

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શુ	Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
4	DISCIPLINE AREA			250	Relate to/but separate from Guidance Area. Also relate to vice-principals' offices and to student record storage.
	a. Discipline Office	4	1	(125)	. Large enough area for 4 to 5 pupils to confer with staff members.
				-	. Direct access to reception area with two entrances into office.
	b. Reception Area	10	н	(125)	. Waiting room and clerical space for Discipline Office with direct access to main traffic pattern.
v.	CONFERENCE AREA (divisible)	15	п	200	Relate to principal's office and vice- principals' offices with controlled public entrance via General Office/Reception area, additional entrance to area for faculty staff. Provide folding partition to divide area into two smaller conference spaces,
9	FACULTY AREA	09	r	300	Area that instructional staff reports in the morning and checks out in the afternoon with direct access to main traffic pattern and immediate access to General Office/Reception area.

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Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
7. ROSTER ROOM	బ	rd	150	Space for 2 to 3 desks for instructors with roster duty. Pinwall construction for student and faculty scheduling charts.
8. GUIDANCE/VISITING STAFF/MISCELLANEOUS			1,090	Goneral area for counselors and visiting district staff members. Relate to General Office and record storage. Aesthetically inviting to encourage all students to enter.
a. Reception Area/Staff Aides	10	1	(250)	. Staff aides should have desk area located between student entrance and offices of counselors, visiting staff and other stuff personnel.
	ĺ			. Area should provide chairs to 8 to 10 pupils.
				. Access from exterior student truffic.
				. Allow tackboard and shelving space for display of guidance material.
<pre>b. Counseling Offices (4 @ 80 sq.ft.)</pre>	25	ব	(320)	. Each office should accommodate counselor

and 2 to 3 counselees and should be provided with maximum privacy (visual and acoustical) to aid counselor and counselee in establishing rapport.

. Ventilation, air conditioning, good quality of illumination, and pleasant visual environment are important in combating smallness of these rooms.

. Direct access to Reception Area/Staff Aids.

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Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
8. GUIDANCE/VISITING STAFF/MISCELLANEOUS	S (continued)	nued)		
<pre>c. Conference/Testing Room (divisible)</pre>	15	1	(200)	. Utilized for small group counseling, small group testing, staff meetings, or parents/counselors conferences. Relate to counseling offices and Health Suite.
				. Immediate access to reception area with visual control possible from Counselor Aides.
				. Movable partition to divide room into two separate conference rooms. Each area should be treated for reduction of sound trans. mittal.
d. Visiting Staff/Misc. Offices (ea. @ 80 sq.ft.)	ю	7	(160)	. Space providing for visiting district- level personnel or for local professional staff. Immediate access to Reception Area/ Staff Aides.
e. Home/School Coordinator (ea. @ 80 sq.ft.)	ю	8	(160)	. Coordinator assists in interpreting school to community. Immediate access to Reception Area/Staff Aides.
9. HEALTH SUITE			570	Access to General Office area with direct access by students from main traffic pattern. Relate to building exit for emergency cases and also relate to Guidance Conference/Testing Room
a. Reception/Waiting Area	<b>∞</b> ,	н	(100)	. Direct access by students from hallway.

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Description of Functions and Special ea Considerations		. Visual barrier between Reception Area and Examination Area.	<ol> <li>Office space for school nurse with storage for health records. Also used for counseling individual students.</li> </ol>	. Direct access into Examination Area and Cot Area.	) . First aid and examination area of students with direct access to Health Office, Toilets
Total Net Area			(06)		(200)
No. Units			н		-
Unit Cap.	d)	Area (continued)	8		ស
Space	· FEALTH SUITE (continued)		b. Health Office		c. Examination Area

. Cot Area a part of Examination Room with only visual space dividers.

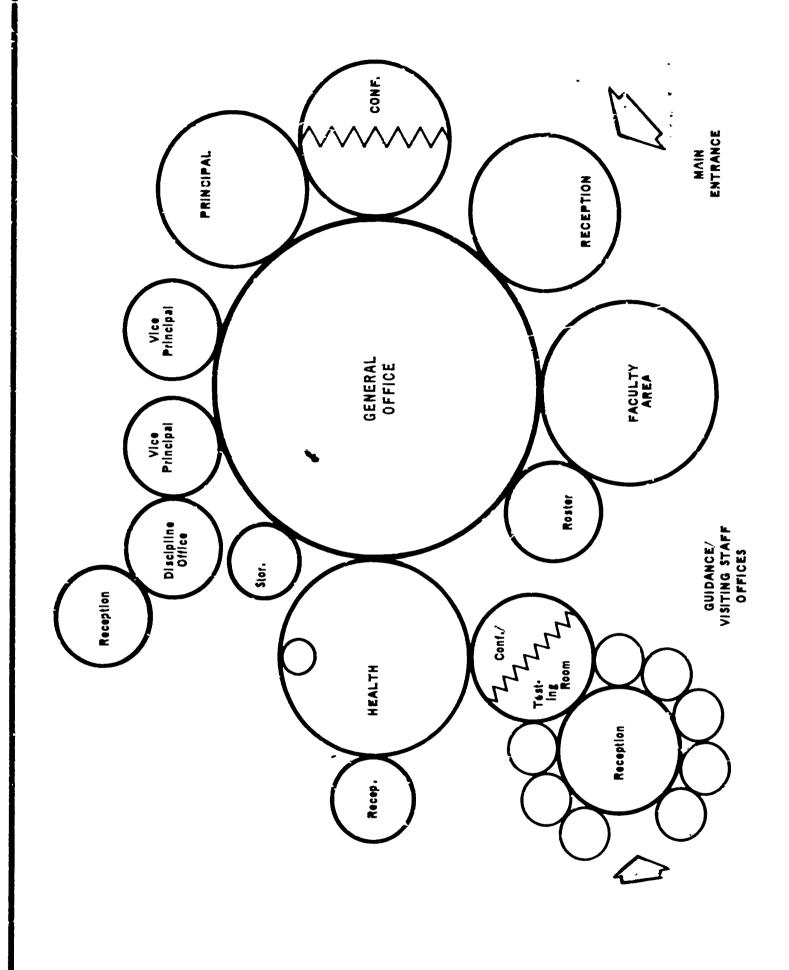
and Reception/Waiting Area.

- . Provide two screened cubicles for examinations. Also provide 22 lineal ft, for vision testing.
- . One portion of area to provide electricity and plumbing for portable dental chair used for dental exams and teeth cleaning.
- . Counter space with above and below counter lockable storage areas. Counter should contain sink with running water and access to counter electrical outlets.

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Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
9. HEALTH SUITE (continued)				
d. Cot Areas (ea @ 30 sq.ft.)	8	н	(180)	, Area of Examination Room zoned as grasspace to space to have ceiling track and/or curtain screen for visual isolation.
				. Adjacent to toilet area.
e. Toilets (Boys' and Girls')	г	7	Not In-	. Lavatory and water closet with space to change and hang clothes.

. Access to Cot Area.



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3. GRADE CENTER: GRADE 5

. Classrooms

2. Gravel Level Center

A student should basically remain in the same general school area during his first year in a middle school. This idea implies a "school within a school" concept. This area must be flexible to permit various student groupings to allow for variations in the composition of teaching teams and modification of instructional techniques.

B. GRADE CENTER: GRADE 5

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Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special
1. CLASSROOMS (ea. @ 850 sq.ft.)	25	12	10,200	One teaching area should "open" into the next teaching area. The only disision of this area is with portable visual barriers and movable partitions. Pupils can movethroughout complex freely without innderance of solid walls. Classrooms should be clustered to permit team teaching. Each cluster should open into large space for large group instruction. Each classroom may be used for A-V or TV instruction.

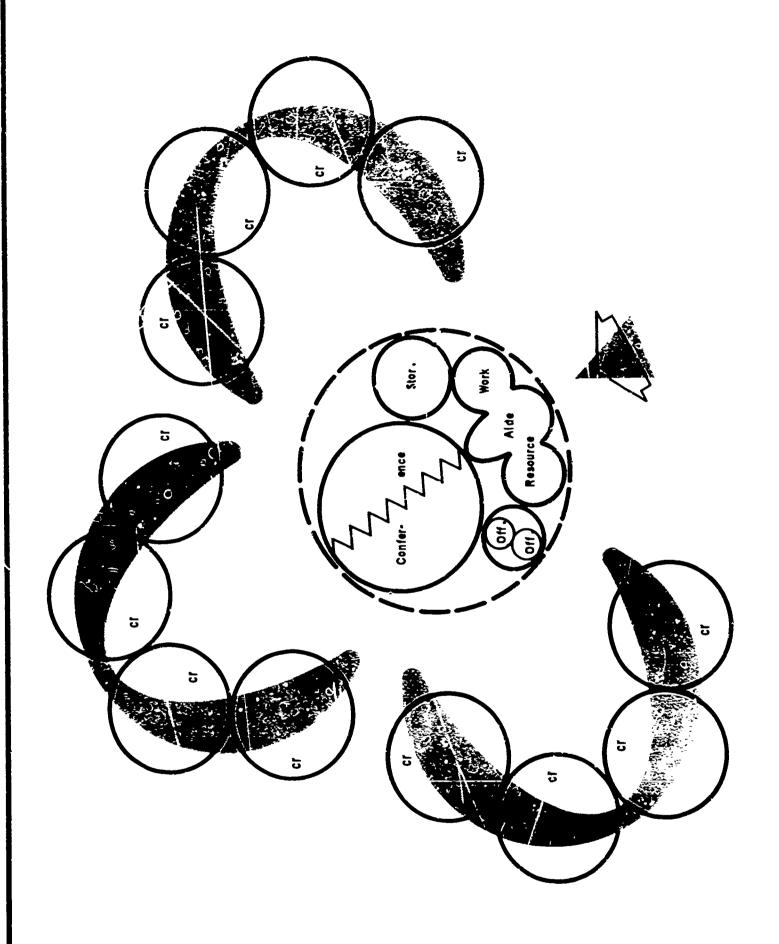
#### Carpeting is desirable.

2.	GRA	2. GRADE LEVEL CENTER			1,150	Direct access to instructional area.
	<b>ત</b>	Aide/Reception Area	7	<b>-</b>	(150)	. Controls access to conference room, storage area, resource area, office area, and work area.
	<b>ب</b>	Resource Arca	10	7	(150)	<ul> <li>Provide shelving for resource materials and books for student and teacher use. Area should contain several individual study carrels or tables.</li> </ul>
	ပ်	Wurk Area	4	7	(150)	. Area for teachers to prepare instructional material. Relate to Conference Area.

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GRADE
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Space		Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
2. GR	2. GRADE LEVEL CENTER (continued)				
ф.	Conference Area (divisible)	9	н	(250)	. Movable partitions divide area into two areas. Both areas have direct access to Aide/Reception Area. Relate to Work Area.
ö	Office Area (ea. @ 75 sq.ft.)	. ~	7	(150)	. Direct access to Aide/Reception Area. To be used by Grade 5 counselor, speech therapist, visiting district-level professionals, etc.
<del>,</del>	Stornge	ı	Ħ	(300)	. Storage of grade level supplies, books and equipment. Provide adjustable shelves for storage.

. Controlled access through Aide/Reception Area.



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: INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS CENTER

1. Individual Study/Reference Area

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4. Communication Center

2. Individual Electronic Study Area

5. Staff Area

3. Conference/Group Instruction Area

relation to the educational program. However, this concept is changing and now the Existing school libraries indicate that such areas have played a satellite roll in library is the "heart of the school" and is centrally located to other educational

Therefore, such a comprehensive centrally located instructional materials center should contain space for books, magazines, individual and small group study, conference areas, The roll of a library has developed into the much broader concept of an "Instructional and extensive clectronic provisions to use the following media for learning purposes: Materials Center" that not only performs library functions but also has the capacity electronic receival/storage/distribution of both audio and visual information. television, video tape, computers, and individual electronic carrels.

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(N	Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
-	1. INDIVIDUAL S'TUDY/REFERENCE AREA	100	ы	3,000	Main area of the IMC that provides books and periodicals for investigation, study, and leisure reading; individual study carrels, small group study tables, checkout area, card catalog, and indices. Single entry/egress area that serves as a control device and relates to charging desk. Entrance leads into a more informal area that changes into a study area with accompanying quietness.
					Furniture types should be mixed and include study carrels, lounge furniture and small group study/reference tables, to accommodate 4 or 6 pupils.
					Provide maximum height perimeter wall shelving and scattered 42 inch free-standing shelving. Maximum capacity of shelving for 12,000 books.
					Floor should be completely carpeted with wireless loop underneath carpet to carry audio programs to students using wireless inductance-type earphones.
2.	INDÍVIDUAL ELECTRONIC STUDY AREA	15	1	880	This area should flow into and he a minister.

This area should flow into and be a portion of the Individual Study/Reference Area by means of a movable partition. Relate to Communication Center. 880 15

Provide individual "wet" carrels with connections for television, audio receival, and usage of portable A-V equipment. Zone area for several computer aided instruction stations, with acoustical partitions.

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(continued)
CENTER
MATERIALS
INSTRUCTIONAL
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Space	921	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Syecial Considerations
ĸ,	CONFERENCE/GROUP INSTRUCTION AREA (divisible into 3 areas)	30	н	009	Space can be used as a classroom for library-use instruction and also be used as study area. Area should contain perimeter shelving for reference materials. Direct access that opens into Individual Study/ Reference Area by means of movable partitions. Relate to Communication Center.
					Conference area to be divisible by movable partitions into three separate conference rooms; each conference area to open into the Individual Study/Reference Area.
					Provide area for use of overhead projectors, movie projectors, video-tape recorders, and TV reception.

4. COMMUNICATION CENTER

Provide for:television receival, storage and distribution; A-V recording, storage and transmission; and capability to deliver audio-visual program to carrels or class-rooms via dial request.

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Provisions to produce or reproduce graphic instructional materials using diazo process and/or photographic process. Storage and circulation of A-V equipment to instructional staff.

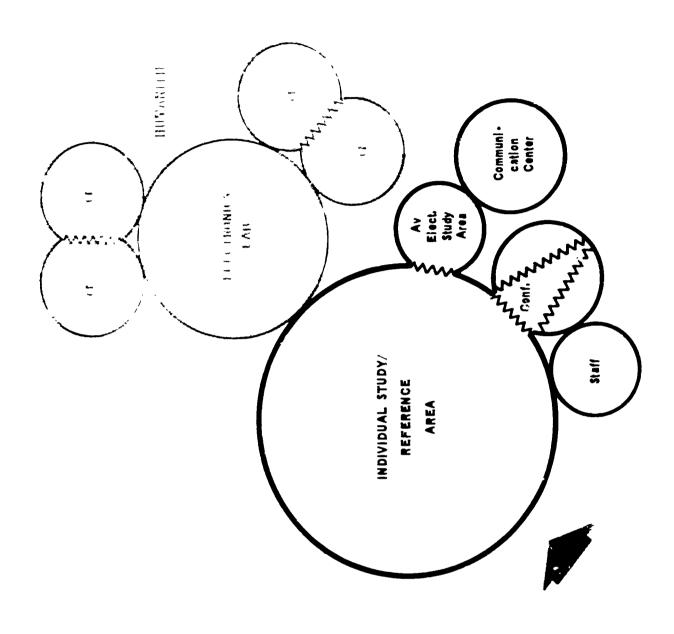
Relate to Language Electronic Lab, Individual Electronic Study Area and Conference/Group Instruction Area.

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	Description of Functions and Special Considerations	Direct access to Individual Study/Reference Area. Relate to Communication Center.	. Space for two clerical (non-professional) people for unpacking and readying books for the Study/Reference Area.	· Space for person in charge of IMC. This "Curriculum Media Coordinator" supervises library and communication functions.
	Total Net Area	400	(250)	(150)
	No. Units		7	г
nued)	Unit Cap.		7	8
C. INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS CENTER (continued)	Space	5. STAFF AREA	a. Work Room	b. Office

### INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS CENTER

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MATHEMATICS

#### D. HUMANITIES

- 1. English
- Developmental Reading
- . Social Studies

5. Department Center

Foreign Language

4.

Humanities Complex houses academic instruction for English and Sccial Studies, and should have priority The spaces will be similiar in terms of facilities required for the respective disciplines elationship to the IMC. The general thome of this area should be flexibility to accommodate organiza. and can be assumed to be interchangeable. In addition, Foreign Language and Developmental Reading will be ht in the Humanities Complex. This area requires an electronic laboratory area with peripheral classthat is related closely to the IMC. The elactronic laboratory should be available to the entire Humanities Complex and IMC. al changes.

teaohing area with a common Grade Level Center. Any grade or combination of grades 6-8 could be organised lumanities area, epecifically the English and Social Studies classrooms, may be used in an alternate manner if the Distriot desires. Alternative I indicates the use of these spaces as a grade level tean:for the complex.

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Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Descripiton of Functions and Special Considerations
CLASSROOMS				Basic classroom space. Provide television monitor, clock, PA system, house phone, and tilt-wall space over teacher station for overhead projection. Furnish each classroom with teachers combination wardrobe and storage cabinet with adjustably shelves. Classrooms should allow expansion of teaching area into medium-group instruction through the use of movable partitions.
				Provide minimum of 16 lineal ft. chalkboard in each teaching area. Other wall space should be of pirwall construction. Zone area in each classroom for several computer aided instruction stations.
1. ENGLISH			5, 790	Relate to Developmental Reading Area; also relate English rooms in a clustered manner.
a. Classroom (ea. @ 850, expandable)	25	w	(4,250)	. Classrooms grouped in twos and threes with movable partitions. Space for 25-30 students in each room.
b. Classroom (ea. @ 770, expandable)	.25	7	(1,540)	. Movable partition between rooms that permit medium-group instruction. Space for 25 students in each classroom.
<ul><li>2. DEVELOPMENTAL READING</li><li>(** 850 sq.ft., expandable)</li></ul>	25		1,700	Used for improvement of reading skills in a continuous manner. Emphasizes reading rates, vocabulary improvement, increased comprehension, and interest in reading. Relate rooms to Electronic Lab and IMC.

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Space	931	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
	DEVELOPMENTAL READING (continued)				Equip with numerous electrical outlets for reading machines. Utilize movable casework for division of room into several separate learning/study areas.
3.	SOCIAL STUDIES			5,790	Cluster Social Studies classrooms.
	a. Classroom (ea. @ 850, expandable)	25	ហ	(4,250)	. Classrooms grouped in twos or threes with movable partitions. Space for 25-30 students in each room.
	b. Classroom (ea. @ 770, expandable)	25	74	(1,540)	. Movable partition between rooms that permits medium-group instruction. Space for 25 students.
4	FOREIGN LANGUAGE			2,620	Relate area closely to IMC with Electronic Lab insurporated into IMC arca.
	a. Classroom (expandable)	25	-	(770)	. General classroom for 25 students. Movable partition permits expansion into medium-group instruction area.
					. Direct access to Electronic Lab.
	b. Classroom (expandable)	25	<b>~</b>	(850)	. General classroom for 25-30 students. Mov-able partition permits expansion into medium-group instruction area.

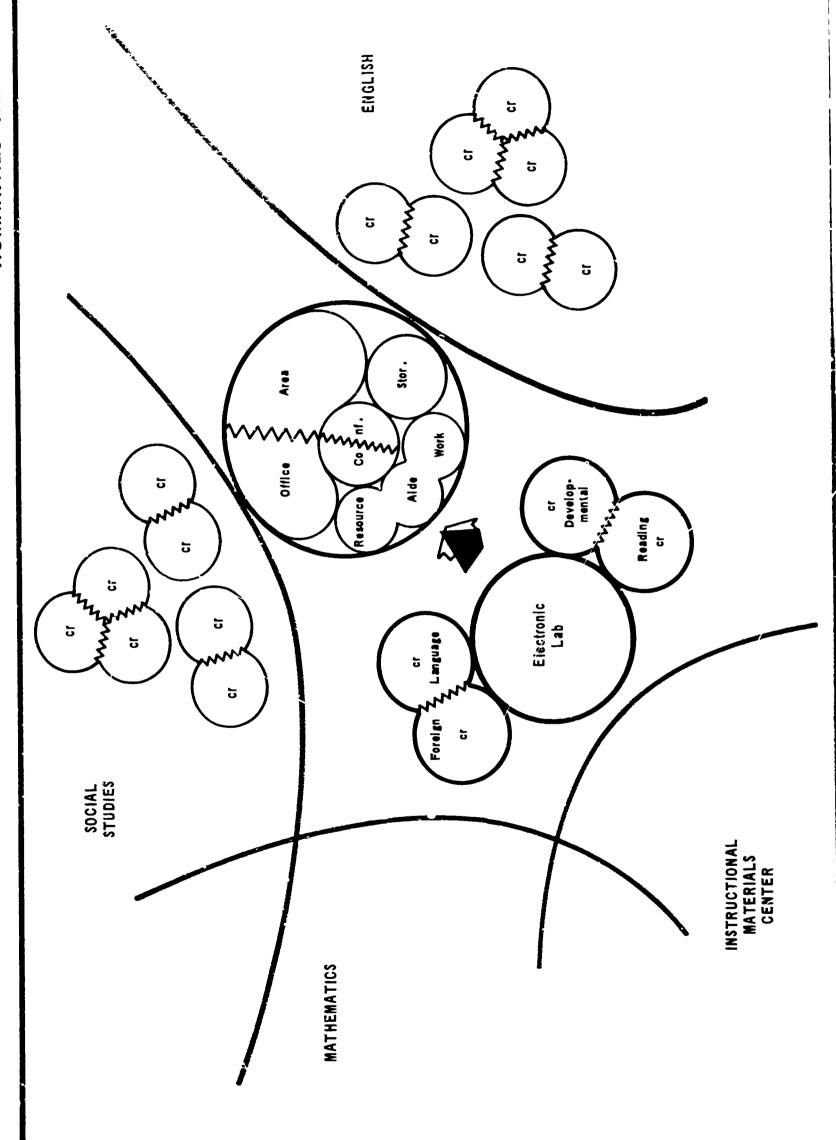
. Direct access to Electronic Lab.

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		Unit	No.	Total	Description of Functions and Special
श्र	Space	Cap.	Units	Net Area	Considerations
4	FOREIGN LANGUAGE (continued)				
	c. Electronic Laboratory (Language Lab)	30	Ħ	(1,000)	. Direct access to Language Classrcoms, IMC, and student circulation.
					. Each student station equipped with Level II (Listen-Respond) equipment. Five student stations equipped with Level III equipment.
					. Student stations tiered and oriented toward teacher console for maximum teacher/pupil eye contact. These student stations should have free front vision and movable partitions for control of lateral vision; also should be convertible to flat surface desk with provisions for storing mike-earphones.
					. Teacher/instructor console should provide tape program sources, individual and full student response system, as well as "all call" button and teacher monitoring facilities.
5,	DEPARTMENT CENTER			2,410	Humanity Department area should be centrally located to English, Social Studies, Developmental Reading, and Foreign Language classrooms. Provides space for teacher cffices, work area, conference space, and teacher aide.
	a. Office Area	1	1	ı	. Offices for each discipline should be divided with visual partitions or movable casework. Staff members should be teamed in small groups.

HUMANITIES	
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Space		Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
5. DEI	DEPARTMENT CENTER (continued)				
æ	Office Area (continued)				. All office areas should have direct access to Aide/Reception Area and Department Storage Area.
	<pre>1) English/Reading   (ea. @ 60 sq.ft.)</pre>	12	٦	(720)	. Area for English and Developmental Read-ing teachers.
	<pre>2) Social Studies   (ea. @ 60 sq.ft.)</pre>	10	٦	(009)	. Area for Social Studies teachers.
	3) Foreign Language (ea. @ 60 sq.£t.)	4	٦	(240)	. Area for Foreign Language teachers.
<b>.</b>	Department Storage Area	1	1	(200)	. Storage of departmental supplies and books. Area skould contain adjustable metal shelv- ing. Direct access from Aide/Reception Area.
ပ်	Aide/Reception Area	1	i	(150)	. Controls access to Department Storage, Conference Area and Departmental Office Area.
ਚ	Conference Area (divisible)		1	(200)	. Area available for departmental meetings, conferences, or team meetings. Immediate access to Aide/Reception Area and Office Area,
ě	Work Area	4	٦	(150)	. Area for preparation of teaching material "Flows" into kide/Reception Area.
<del>પ</del> ાં	Resource Area	ស	ч	(150)	. Provide shelving for books and resource materials. Also provide small table and several study carrels for students.





MATHEMALITOS Ø

Classrooms 1:

Department Center 7

The Mathematics area is a complex of regular classrooms that contain facilities for audio visual instruction, teacher-led discussion, lecture and demonstration and the opportunity for pupils to work in individual mathematical projects.

The Mathematics Complex may be used as a Grade Level Center. Alternative II indicates the use of the Mathematics Complex as a grade level team-teaching area with a Grade Level Center. Any grade organization of grades 6-8 could be scheduled for this complex.

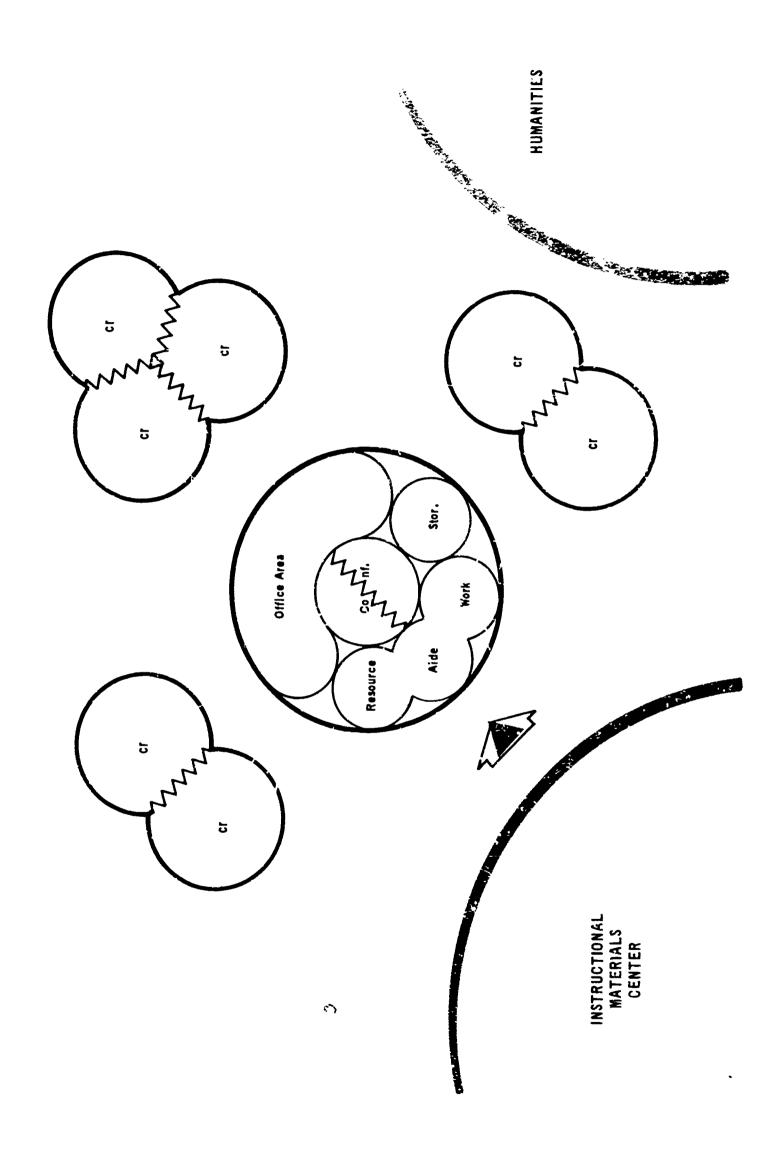
MATHEMATICS	
<b>E</b>	

Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
1. MATHEMATICS CLASSROOMS			5,790	Basic classroom space. Provide telcvision monitor, clock, PA system. house phone, and tilt-wall space over teacher station for overhead projection. Furnish each classroom with teacher combination wardrobe and storage cabinet with adjustable shelves. Relate classrooms in a clustered manner with proximity to Humanities Complex and IMC. Zone area in each classroom for computer aided instruction stations.
				Provide maximum front, rear and side chalk-board area with a minimum of 24 lineal ft. in each teaching area. Other wall space should be of pinwall construction.
a. Classroom (ea. @ 850, expandable)	25	S	(4,250)	. Space for 25 students. Classrooms grouped in twos and threes with movable partitions connecting rooms for medium-group instruction.
b. Classroom (ea. @ 770, expandable)	. 55	6	(1,540)	. Movable partitions between rooms that permits medium-group instruction. Space for 25 students.
2. DEPARTMENT CENTER			1,200	Located centrally to Mathematics Classrooms. Provides space for teacher offices, work area, conference space, resource area, and aide.
a. Aide/Reception Area	П	r	(100)	. Controls access to Conference Area, Storage Area, Office Area, Resource Area, and Work Area.

# E. MATHEMATICS (continued)

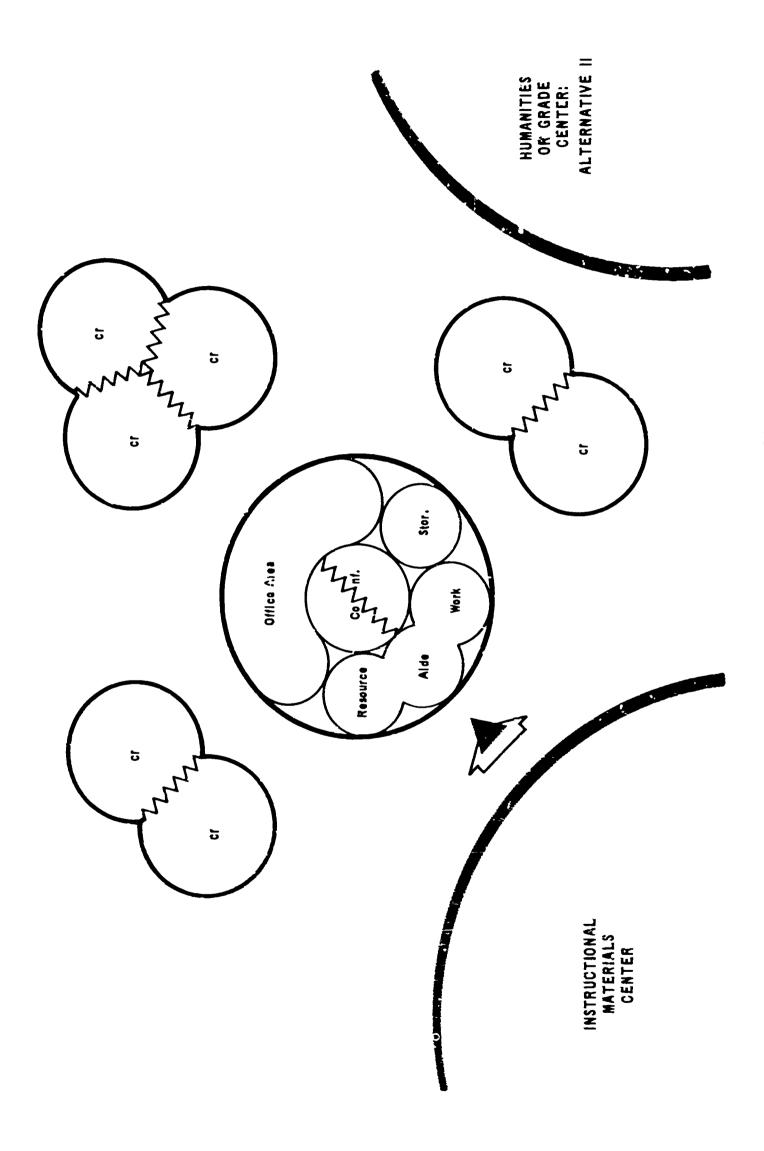
Space		Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
2. DE	DEPARTMENT CENTER (continued)				
۾.	Work Area	4	1	(100)	. Area for preparation of teaching material. "Flows" into Aide/Reception Area.
ပံ	Resource Area	ເລ	r	(100)	. Provide shelving for books and resource materials. Also provide small table and several study carrels for student study and research.
ਚ	Office Area (ea. @ 60 sq.ft.)	10	ч	(600)	. Open office area for teacher in groups of two or three. Movable partitions or furniture provide divisibility and visual barrier.
ů	Conference Area (divisible)	12	r <del>-1</del>	(200)	. Movable partition divides area into two separate conference areas. Provide cach area with chalkboard and tackboard. Immediate access to Office Area.
<del>પ</del> ાં	Storage Area	i	7	(100)	. Storage of textbooks and clerical supplies. Provide adjustable shelving. Direct access to Aide/Reception Area.

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ALTERNATIVE II



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#### SCIENCE

Classroom/Laboratory

Central Storage/Preparation Area

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Live Area

4. Department Area

5. Individual Student Project Area

6. Photography Laboratory

The emphasis on science has increased appreciably since the first space craft orbited the earth less than one decade ago. In a short length of time, scientific progress and space research has imparted an impact in many areas of science. As a result, the student of today should start to develop an understanding of scientific concepts at an early age. The middle school should provide the opportunity to explore various scientific disciplines to the degree of competency of the student.

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Space		Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
1. CL/	CLASSROOM/ LABORATORY			6,300	Each science classroom should have direct access to a Central Storage/Preparation Area and Department Area. Relate all classrooms to an Individual Student Project Area. Special design considerations should be given to all lab areas to facilitate a combination of individual student research, general lab instruction and teacher-centered discussion/lecture.
					Provide teacher-demonstration table/desk at front of each science lab with gas, electrical and water connections. Equip all rooms with movable two-place student biology tables. Similar classrooms should be joined by movable walks for expansion into a two-class lab.
ત્વં	Biological Science Laboratories (2 @ 1050 sq.ft., expandable)	23 80	2	(2,100)	. Space for 28 students at two-place movable tables. Movable partition to expand into a two-class lah.
					. Provide perimeter shelving for display, cages, aquariums, terraiums, etc.
b.	Earth Science Laboratories (2 @ 1050 sq.ft., expandable)	28	8	(2,100)	. Space for 28 students at two-place movable tables. Movable partition to expand areas into a two-class lab.

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Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
1. CLASSROOM/LABORATORY (continued)				
c. Science Laboratories - General Purpose (2 @ 1050 sq.ft., expandable)	28	7	(2,100)	. Space for 28 students at two-place movable tables. Movable partition to expand into a two-class lab.
				. Provide perimeter shelving for display of various artifacts.
2. CENTRAL STORAGE/PREPARATION AREA	1	٦	009	Immediate access into Department Area, each Science Classroom/Lahoratory, and Live Area. Access to Individual Student Project Area.
				Provide storage facilities for maps, pro- jects, racks, chemicals, mounted insects, mounted plant specimens, preserved animals, etc. Also provide area for chemical storage.
				Provide work/preparation areas for each instructor. Include running water, sink, gas, and electricity at each work/preparation station.
3. LIVE AREA			125	Area to contain for zeological and botanical life. Temperature and humidity control needed.

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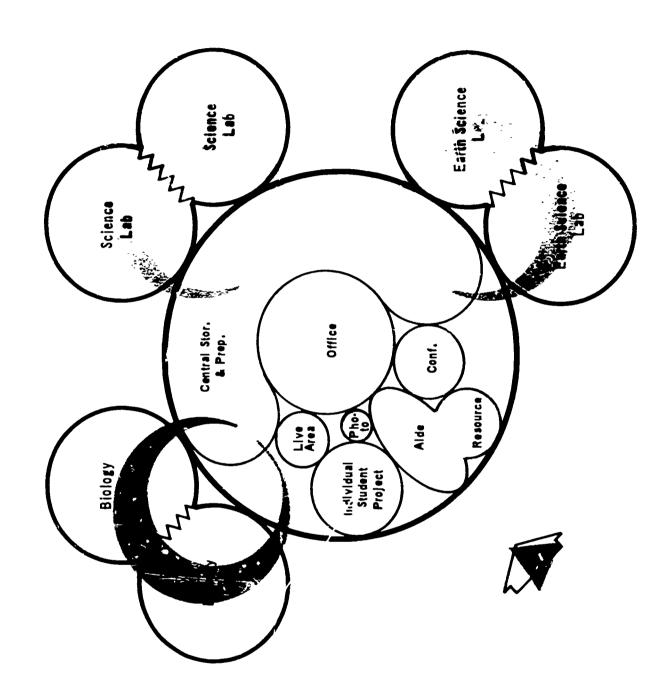
F. SCIENCE (continued)

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Space	901		Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
w	LI	LIVE AREA (continued)				
i	م ا	Greenhouse	1	1	(75)	. Area should permit the raising of plants. Need to have watering facilities and direct sunlight.
4	DEF	DEPARTMENT AREA			066	Department area includes teacher office space, conference area, resource area, and space for aide.
	તં	Office Area (ea. @ 60 sq.ft.)	თ	г	(540)	. Open space that serves as an office area for instructional staff. Direct access to Central Storage/Preparation Area, Conference Area, and Individual Student Project Area.
	Ď.	Aide/Reception Area	1	<b>-</b>	(150)	. Controls access into Central Storage/ Preparation Area, Conference Area, Resource Area, Photography Lab, and Offices, with direct access to main traffic circulation.
						. Contains duplicating equipment for preparation of instructional materials.
	ပ်	Conference Area	œ	٦	(150)	. Direct access from Office Area and Aide/ Reception Area.
	ਚ	Resource Area	1	г	(150)	. Area for department reference material and space for individual study carrels with immediate access through Aide/Reception Area.

(continued)
SCIENCE
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Spi	Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
ů.	INDIVIDUAL STUDENT PROJECT AREA	10	ч	300	Area for selected individual students to initiate and carry on longitudinal science projects. Provide electricity outlets on basis of one per two students, one source of water, and counter space/shelf storage for each student. Relate to Science Classroom/Laboratory with direct access to Central Storage/Preparation Area.
<b>,</b>	PHOTOGRAPHY LABORATORY	8	1	50	Area to develop and process film. Access limited to selected pupils and faculty members. Access to Individual Student Project Area and Central Storage/Preparation Area.





G. FINE AND PERFORMING ARTS

ERIC

. Auditorium Complex

2. Art

3. Music

a manner The new middle school program should provide an introduction to the Fine Arts in music and beginning appreciation of snabling student involvement and the

Such a complex will include an extensive multi-use auditorium that It must be The Fine and Performing Arts Complex should be one of the grouped arrangements in a vill be available for programs, assemblies, and large group instruction. onveniently located for community use. niddle school plant.

rt serves as an integral part of the middle school program and will be related to other Students should be introduced to art and the creativities and njoyment that may evolve from the pursuits of painting, drawing, sketching, and rts and crafts forms hases of learning.

tha ith increasing amounts of leisure time, music will assume a more significant role in ocial life of future generations. Facilities for yocal and instrumental music in iddle school are designed to introduce a basic music program to students.

Space	Unit Cap.	Unit No. To Cap. Units Ne	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
1. AUDITORIUM COMPLEX			10,640	Large group assembly area for student assemblies, large group meetings, or community programs. Relate to Administration Center.
a. Lecture/Auditorium (divisible into 3 spaces -	750	1	8,000	. Area divisible into several varying-sized areas that may be used for medium-group

- areas that may be used for medium-group instruction or large-group instruction.

  Each space to contain capacity for A-V service, bracket-nounted TV receivers, and flat floor surface for teaching station.

  Each area must be individual access and provide acoustics, air circulation, thermal, artificial lighting and sight lines that permit a teaching situation similar to a classroom. Provide sloped fixed seating.

  Stagger seating for visibility.
- . All areas should relate and be accessible to exterior entrance-exit. Also relate to men's and women's teilets.
- feet between stage and first row of seats.
  This area should be equipped as a teaching station for large-group instruction. Provide projection area near back of Lecture/Auditorium.
- . Provisions to close of corridor to remaining portions of building when auditorium used for evening and summer usage.

AUDITORIUM COMPLEX (continued)

ત્તં	. Lecture/Auditorium (continued)				. Hallways leading to main entrance of Lecture/Auditorium must be wider to handle heavier traffic load.
					. Direct access to backstage area without crcssing stage aprons.
Ď.	b. Ticket Booth	7	7	(40)	. Provide booth with window related to corridor near main exterior approach to auditorium.
j	Control Area	ю	7	(100)	<ul> <li>Provision for A-V projection and control with space for technicians to operate lights and audio for stage.</li> </ul>
d.	Stage/Wings	ı	-	(2,000)	. Design minimal facilities presidium. Pro-

vo) . Design minimal facilities presidium. Provide overhead lights and audio control system. Provide minimum 6 ft.clearance between front of stage and stage curtain.

. Provide duplex electrical outlets approximately four feet apart at front of stage apron.

. Direct access to Art Department, Music Department, Stagecraft Area; with double door exits for moving props.

(continued)
ARTS
PERFORMING
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FINE
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Space		Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
1. AUD	1. AUDITORIUM COMPLEX (continued)				
ข้	Stagecraft Area	1	ı	(200)	. Space to prepare and store materials for musical and dramatic productions. Direct access to Stage/Wings with large double door for moving props. Relate to art facilities.
2. ART				4,940	Activities will include two and three dimensional work that includes instruction in drawing, painting, sculpture, crafts, ceramics, and related activities. Relate to Auditorium Complex and Stagecraft Area.
Α.	Art Laboratories (ea. @ 1400 sq.£t.)	25	м	(4,200)	Equip with flexible furniture for small group work. Also provide adequate artificial lighting. Natural lighting not re-

. Provision for abundance tackboard space with pinwall construction.

quired.

- . Provide perimeter counter sinks with hot and cold water; drains should include clay traps.
- . Provide art storage cabinets in classroom that includes units capable of storing paper stock up to 36 inches wide; also provision for individual storage facilities for each student, e.g., tote tray storage.

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Space		Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
2 AKT	(continued)				
ú	Art Laboratories (continued)				. All labs have access to following centra- lized areas: Art Storage Area, Wet Room, Kiln Room, Project Storage Area, and Office Area.
					. Relate to outside exit and outside art patis area.
Ġ.	Art Storage Area	ı	ı	(200)	. Department storage for art suppales and equipment. Direct access to all Art Labs.
ပ်	Project Sturage	1	ı	(100)	. Storage of painting, sculpture, ceramics projects of students. Provide movable storage facilities.
					. Direct access to all Art Labs.
ъ.	Kiln Rcom	ı	1	(100)	. Prcvision for 220/208 volts for kiln and also provide washable floor.
					. Direct access to all Art Labs.
ů	"Wet" Room	ı	1	(100)	. Provide controllable humidity to prevent clay drying. Direct access to all Art Labs.
÷.	Office Area (ea. @ 60 sq.ft.)	4	:~ <b>4</b>	(240)	. Office space for art instructors with direct access to all Art Labs and student circulation.

Space		Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special
∑	MUSIC			3,790	Area for instruction, practice and rehearsal of vocal/instrumental music. Provide sound-proofing and acoustical treatment throughout music complex. Relate to Stage/Wings of Auditorium Complex.
เช	. Choral Rehearsal Hall	100	1	(1,400)	. Rehearsal and instruction of vocal music to accommodate chorus of 100. Access through double doors with supervision from music office area. Direct access to one Ensemble/Make-up Area.
					reads not less than 30 inches and riser height not less than 6 inches; ceiling height a minimum of 16 ft., electrical outlets on lowest riser, with non-parallel walls or other material to form non-parallel walls, e.g., movable sound baffles,
•					. Provide space for piano at front of hall.
Ġ	Instrumental Rehearsal Hall	75	~	(1,700)	(1,700) Instruction and mahanna 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,

. Instruction and rehearsal of instrumental music for band of 75 pieces. Access through double doors with supervision from music office area. Relate to individual practice rooms. Direct access to one Ensemble/Make-up Room.

(1,700)

. Provide space for piano at front of hall.

. Provision for lavatory and drinking fountain.

હં	FINE AND PERFORMING ARTS (continued)				
S	Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
, i	3. MUSIC (continued)				
	b. Instrumental Rehearsal Hall (continued)	(pən			. Provide radial tiered platform with not less than 5 ft. except top level y should not be less than 6 ft.; riser hot less than 6 inches; ceiling height minimum of 16 ft; electrical outlets clowest riser; and non-parallel wall or movable sound baffles that would creat non-parallel walls.
	c. Music Offices/Library	4	٦	(240)	. Provide lockable perimeter storage foot instruments with one foot and threfoot deep cabinets with adjustable she. Office and conference area for music teachers with direct access and visual control of Choral Hall, Instrumental Hand Practice Rooms.

- deep cabinets with adjustable shelves, vide lockable perimeter storage for nstruments with one foot and three
- ice and conference area for music ers with direct access and visual ol of Choral Hall, Instrumental Hall ractice Rooms.
- . Provide for storage, sorting and arrangement of music.
- . Practice and rehearsal for individuals and small instrumental and vocal groups. Relate to music offices.

Practice Rooms

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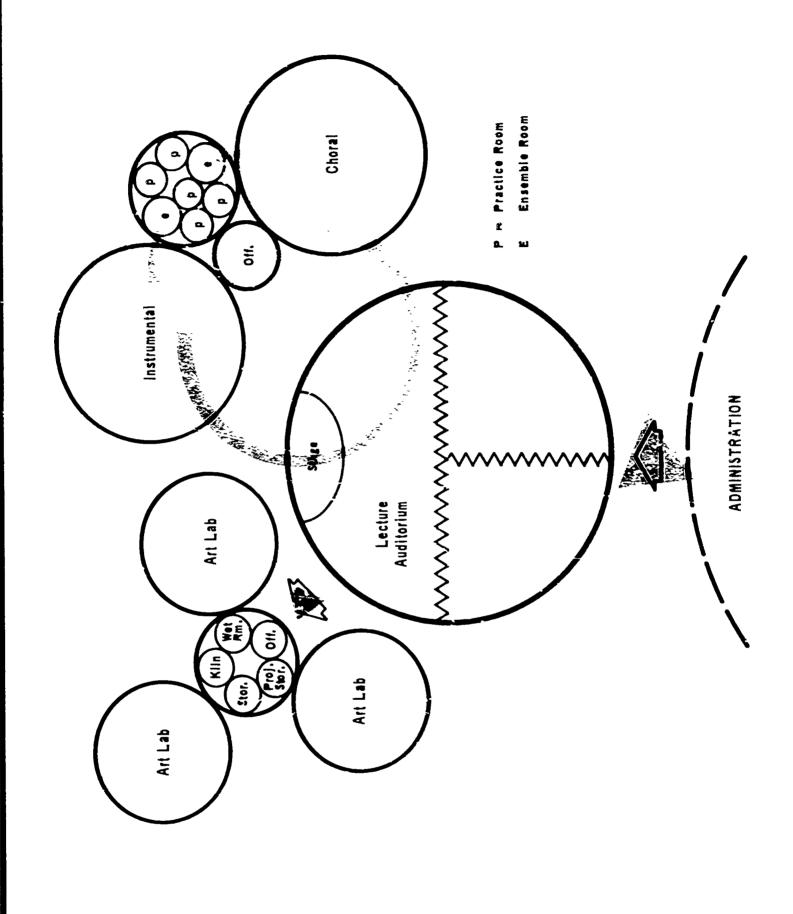
. Provice acoustical treatment, non-parallel walls, and flat floors.

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Space			Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
3. MU	) DIS	3. MUSIC (continued)				
<del>р</del>	Pra	Practice Rooms (continued)				
	1	<ol> <li>Individual Practice Rooms (ea. @ 50 sq.ft.)</li> </ol>	п	ហ	(250)	. Practice room for individuals. Access by music offices and through Choral or Instrumental Halls.
	5	Ensemble/Make-up Rooms	v	8	(20C <sub>.</sub>	· Practice room for small ensembles. Direct access for one ensemble room through Choral Hall and for second ensemble room through Instrumental Hall.

. Provide lavatory and mirror to double as "make-up" area for plays, concerts, etc.



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#### PRACTICAL ARTS CENTER

. Exploratory Technology

. Commerce

Homemaking

4. Department Center

that assures introductory skill-level experiences for all students in the areas of Exploratory Technology development that will lead into a high school vocational curriculum that specializes and refines a parti-This indicates a need for carefully planned exploratory Practical Arts curriculum in the middle school (IA), Commerce, and Homemaking. Also the middle school should permit some individual technical skill The demands for individual competence in technical vocations are compounding in our present society. cular skill.

Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
1. EXPLORATORY TECHNOLOGY (IA)			5, 500	Labs should provide introduction to basic technical skills. Much time will be spent in activities of an exploratory nature. Instructional areas should be identified in each lab. Also an area should be designated as a "planning" area in each lab. Relate labs to Homemaking and Commerce Labs with direct access to Department Center. Also relate labs to outside exit for ease in supply delivery. Provide lavatories in each lab.
a. Construction Laboratory (Project Storage & Tool Storage included)	<b>78</b>	1	(1,700)	. Activities include work with wood, masonry, brick, electrical wiring, painting, plumb-ing, and paper hanging. Such activities are introduction to trades and skills involved in "construction."
				. Provide individual perimeter work in addi- tion to 4-place group work areas.
				. Provision for masonry and plumbing zones with running water and drains. Equip with lockable perimeter cabinets that permit project storage. Relate to Supply/Storage area.
				. Tool storage will be provided by wall-hung storage facilities and movable tool carts.
<pre>1) Construction Lab Supply/ Storage</pre>	ı	1	(150)	. Relate storage to lab entrance for ease of material delivery. Doors to storage should be large enough to permit movement of "long" material.

H. PR	PRACTICAL ARTS CENTER (continued)				
Space		Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
1. EX	EXPLORATORY TECHNOLOGY (continued)				
ч	Construction Laboratory (continued)				
	<ol> <li>Construction Lab Supply/Storage</li> </ol>		(continued)		. Provide varying storage facilies, e.g., horizontal storage of wood; movable shelves; and bins.Allow area to store movable tool carts.
					. Direct access into Construction Lab.
ð.	Manufacturing Laboratory (Project Storage & Tool Storage included)	28	г	(1,700)	. Activities include exploratory work with metals, plastics, welding, machines, printing, and drawing.
					. Provide individual perimeter work stations in addition to 4-place group work areas. Equip with lockable perimeter cabinets that permit project storage.
					. Provide wall-hung tool storage and space for movable tool carts. Tool carts may be stored in Supply/Storage area.
	1) Supply/Storage	1	Ħ	(100)	. Provide doors wide enough to permit eass of supply movement and storing of tool carts. Equip with movable shelving for storage of supplies.

. Direct access to Manufacturing Lab.

H. PRACTICAL ARTS CENTER (continued)				
Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
1. EXPLORATORY TECHNOLOGY (continued)				
c. Power/Transportation/Electronic Laboratory	28	1	(1,700)	. Allows exploratory work in the areas of electricity, instrumentation, radio, television, air-conditioning, and engines.
				. Provide perimeter work area for individuals in addition to 4-place smull group work spaces.
				. Provisions for wall-hung tool storage and space for movable tool carts.
1) Supply/Storage	1	r.	(150)	. Relate to lab entrance with doors wide enough for ease of supply movement and storing of too! carts. Direct access into Power Laboratory.
				. Provide heavy adjustable perimeter shelving for large items, e.g., electronic equipment and motor parts.
2. HOMEMAKING			4,500	Introduction and exploratory experiences related to general homemaking activities. Relate to exterior exit for delivery.
a. Foods Related Laboratory	78	н	(1,500)	. Seven 4-station kitchen units with formica counter tops at appropriate height for girls 10-13 years old; above-counter electrical outlets, wall/ceiling-hung cupboards; double sink, built-in garbage disposal unit and cooking ranges (gas and electric).

	Description of Functions and Special	Cap. Units Net Area Considerations
	Total	Net Area
	No.	Units
	Unit	Cap.
H. PRACTICAL ARTS CENTER (continued)		Space

## : HOMEMAKING (continued)

(continued)
Laboratory
Related
Foods
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. Frovide for following electrical equipment in accessible part of room: one washer, one drier, one dishwasher, and one large refrigerator.

. Zone space so teaching station relates to entire area for demonstration purposes. Ceiling-mounted mirror suspended over teacher demonstration area for pupil observation of instructional procedures.

. Direct access to Family Living Area and Department Center.

. Storage of canned and "dry" cooking items should be in area that can be locked but easily accessible for distribution to cooking stations. Provide tote-tray storage.

. Provide seven 4'x 8' tables of a height convenient to 10-13 year old girls, with enclosed tote-tray storage. Additional tote-tray storage to be provided if table bases have insufficient capacity.

(1,500)

28

Clothing Related Laboratory

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. Furnish 14 sewing stations with electrical power available to each.

. Zone a grooming area with counter, 3-way mirror, electrical outlets, special lighting provisions, and counter/top sink and water. Also zone an area for ironing boards and electrical outlets for irons near grooming area.

H. PRACTICAL ARTS CENTER (continued)				
Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
2. HOMEMAKING (continued)				
c. Family Living Area	78	٦	(1,500)	. Typical efficiency apartment to be used for instruction of furniture arrangement, cooking, social hospitality, apartment decor, etc. Space to include living room, kitchen, bathroom, bedroom, utility room, and storage rooms.
				. Storage area should be directly accessible to apartment (minimum 100 sq.ft.).
				. Direct access to Foods Related Laboratory, Clothing Laboratory, Department Center, and main traffic circulation.
3. COMMERCE			2,000	Provide an introduction to clerical, business and commerce concepts. Direct access to Department Center. Rooms are expandable into a medium-group instruction area.
a. Typing/Machines (expandable)	25	r	(1,000)	. Provide electrical connections to all student stations for variety of electrical machines, e.g., typewriters, adding machines,

etc.

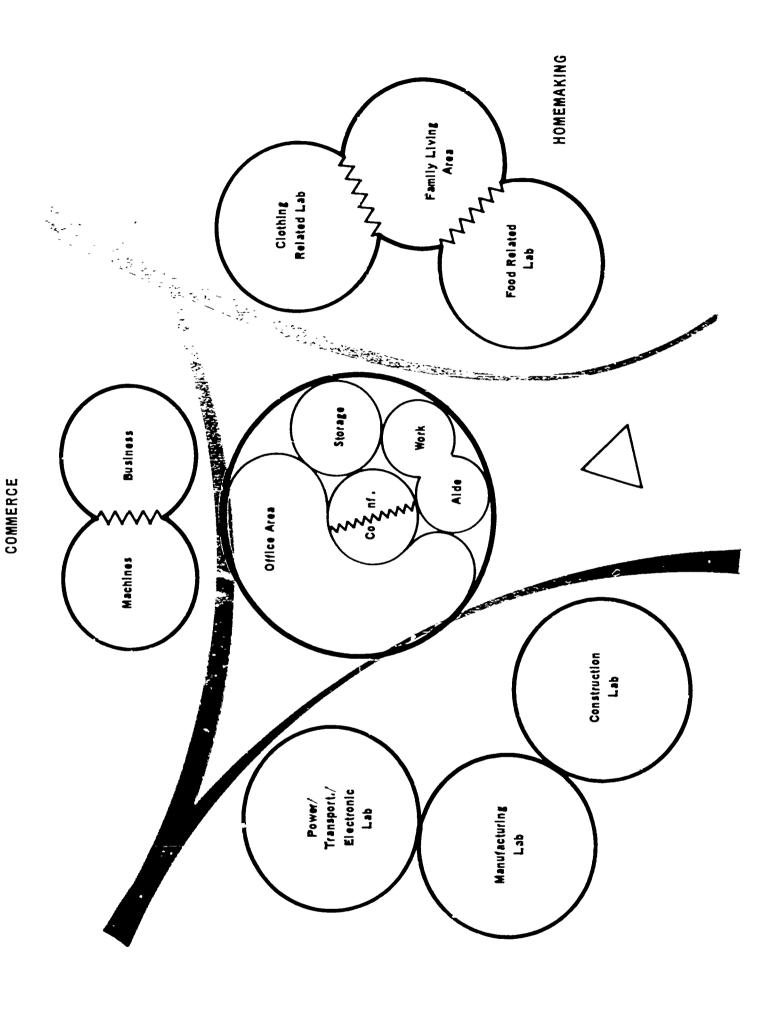
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Space	ခ <b>ာ</b> ၊	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
3.	COMMERCE (continued)				
	<pre>b. Business/Economics/Sales   (expandable)</pre>	25	1	(1,000)	. Basic furniture consists of bookkeeping desks and chairs.
					. Provide area for check-out counter, display counter and clerks. Equip with peripheral casework counter with storage facilities, counter-level electrical outlets, and sink.
4.	DEPARTMENT CENTER			1,320	Homebase for all instructors in the Practical Arts Center. Provides for office space, storage, work area, conference area, and aide. Direct access into departmental classrooms.
	a. Office Area (ea. @ 60 sq.ft.)	12	1	(720)	. Open area that is zoned by casework and visual partitions into spaces for instructors of IA, Homemaking and Commerce.
	b. Reception/Aide	7	т	(100)	. Entry area into Department Center. Aide assists teachers in duplicating materials, scrves as a receptionist, schedules conference area, aids in supply distribution, etc.
	c. Work Area	ı	1	(100)	. Used by instructors and aide for preparation of instructional materials. Direct

access to Conference Room, Departmental Storage, and Office Area. "Flows" into Reception/Aide Area.

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Unit No. Total Description of Functions and Special	ontinued)	12 1 (200) . Used for departmental meetings and small group meetings. Relate to Reception/Aide Area, Office Area, and to IA for small group planning.	. Arranged with conference tables and chairs. Provide movable partitions to divide area into two rooms.	age - 1 (200) Storage of clerical supplies, books and related items. Provide movable storage shelves. Direct access to Reception/Aide
Space Approximate Constants (	DEFARIMENT CENTER (continued)	d. Conference Room (divisible)		e. Departmental Storage



EXPLORATORY Technology

## . DINING/ACTIVITY CENTER

1. Food Preparation/Service

6. Student Store

Student Dining Area

7. Student Government

. Boys' and Girls' Rest Room

8. P.E./Activity Area

Faculty Dining/Lounge

9. Student Patio Arrı

. Token/Coin/Ticket Booth

The Dining/Activity Center provides space for food preparation and storage, separate areas for student and student dining area, this space should be arranged and planned so it may be divided for instructional profaculty serving and dining, student store, and a P.E./Activity Area. In addition to its basic usage as grams, informal student activities, and student government functions.

tional/activity area for pupils. In addition, this space should be arranged to permit its utilization by The P.E./Activity Area serves both as a P.E. instructional area, health classroom, and as a noon recreathe community during the evening, weekends or summer.

# I. DINING/ACTIVITY CENTER

al Description of Functions and Special Area Considerations	4,410 Preparation of food and variety of food service that offers "government platter" or "ala carte" food by means of scrving line, "scramble" system and back-load vending machines. Observe flow pattern of foods from delivery to storage to preparation to serving.	(2,400) . Food preparation area for 1200 students and faculty members. Provision to back-load mechanical vending machines from this area.	. Orient a serving area to both the Student Dining Area and also to Faculty Dining/ Lounge.	- Relate to delivery entrance (use loading dock area provided for maintenance/operation).	(150) . Food storage area for both cooling foods, e.g., 38 F., and freezing foods, e.g., 0 F.	(300) . Provide adjustable metal shelves and mobile storage bins.	(80) . Office for manager and dietician. Direct access into Food Preparation Area. Also provide visual view of Food Preparation Area.
No. Total Units Net A	4	- (2,		ı	1	1	1
Unit l Cap.		1		1		1	ı
Ѕрасе	i. FOOD PREPARATION/SERVICE	a. Kitchen		b. Storage	1) Walk-In Refrigerator/ Freezer	2) Dry Storage	c. Office

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Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Arca	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
1. FOOD PREPARATION/SERVICE (continued)				
d. Locker/Dressing Area	ı	ч	(80)	. Provide lockers for storage of cooks' personal belongings. Include lavatory, water closet and dressing facilities.
				. Direct access into the Food Preparation Area.
e. Food Service Area	1	٦	(1,400)	. Consider variety of feeding procedures that include "scramble" system, coin operated vending machines, and counter service. Relate to cafeteria entrances and also relate to P.E./Activity Area.
				. Consider dividing serving area so as to use only portion of serving area and dining area for evening or summer food service.
2. STUDENT FINING AREA	200	1	5,000	Designed to house and feed a maximum of 500

Designed to house and feed a maximum of 500 pupils. Provide a variety of scating arrangements that lends to a feeling of informality. Easy egress from serving lines and easy access to tray/dish return without crossing of traffic. Area should be divisible into several areas by means of movable partitions. These areas would serve as student meeting areas and instructional spaces.

(10 sq.ft. per pupil)

Each area should permit the use of electrical and audio-visual equipment; TV receival; and acoustical, visual and thermal conditions that support an instructional of group meeting activity.

7	DINING/ACTIVITY CENTER (continued)				
S	Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
	STUDENT DINING AREA (continued)				Portions of the area should be lockable so a section or sections of the dining area may be used during evening or summer activities. Relate to an outside "patio" area that would serve as a "common" area for; students after eating lunch; for P.E./ Activity Area; and for community activities.
ю.	BOYS' AND GIRLS' REST' ROOMS			1	The dining area should relate closely to gang-type toilet facilities that would serve the students approaching and leaving the dining area, P.E./lunch activity area, and community during evening or summer activities.
4	FACULTY DINING/LOUNGE	50	ı	1,200	Provide an informal and aesthetically pleasing facility. Area should be zoned into dining area and lounge area with portable visual partition. Dining area to contain variety of round and square 4-6 place tables. Lounge area to contain variety of soft.
					Faculty served by means of separate serving area apart from pupil serving area. Relate to Faculty Toilet Facilities.
					Direct access to a screened exterior faculty patio.

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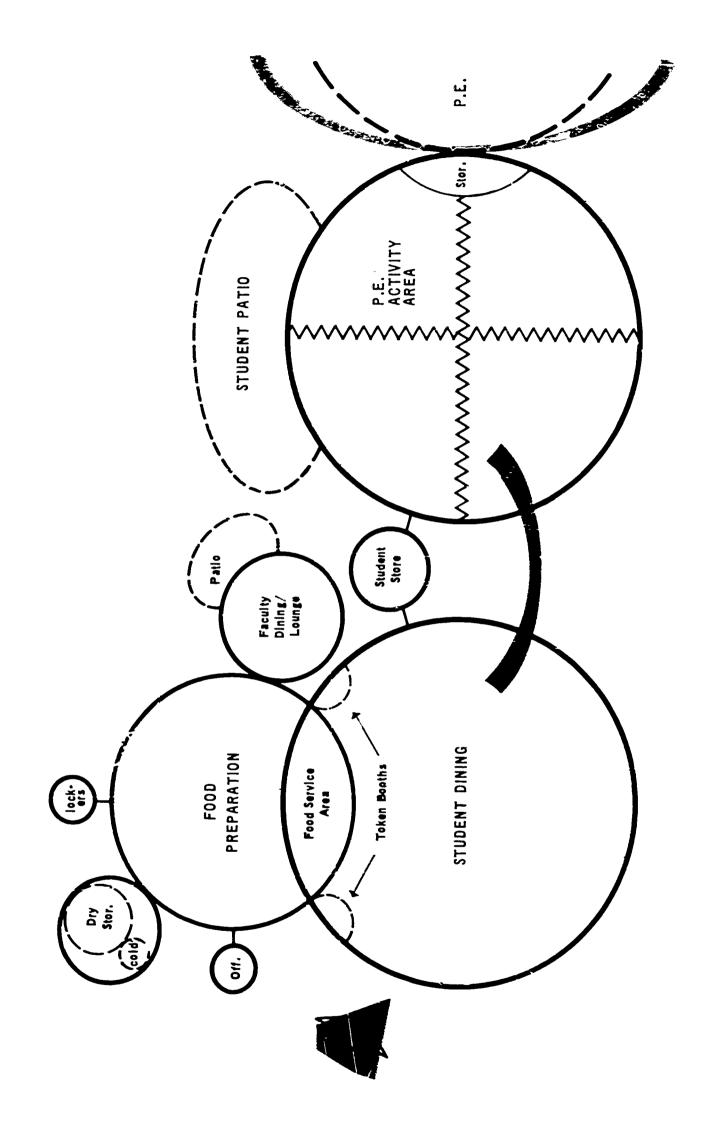
Ś	Ѕрасе	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
S.	. TOKEN/COIN/TICKET BOOTH (ea. @ 35 sq.ft.)	7	~	70	Located near main entrances to Food Preparation/Service Area. One booth should relate to Student Store and one/or the same hooth should relate to student patio area and P.E./Activity Area. Cashier-type windows should relate both to hall traffic and Student Dining Area traffic. Equipped for dispensing tickets/tokens/making change.
6.	STUDENT STORE	10	<b>.</b>	300	Storage, display and sale of school supplies, paperback books, school banners, etc. Provide separate entrance and exit to aid circulation. Relate to Student Dining Area, student "patio" area and P.E./Activity Area, Also to Commerce Area in Practical Arts Center.
	STUDENT GOVERNMENT			1	Meetings and activities of student government can take place in small conference areas in the dining area or classrooms.
œ ·	P.E./ACTIVITY AREA (ea. @ 2000 sq.ft., divisible, expandable)	20	7	4,200	Used by pupils during lunch period for informal and recreational purposes. These areas are shared with the P.E.Department and may be scheduled for health classes and

as auxiliary gyms prior/following lunch periods. Also areas will serve as an evening and summer recreation facility. Direct access to Student Dining Area, P.E. facilities, student "patio" area, and P.E./Activity Storage Area.

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Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special
8. P.E./ACTIVITY AREA (continued)				Provide movable partition to expand area
				partitions into four separate areas, Non-wood floor surface with minimum 10 ft, ceiling.
				Make provisions to "isolate" area from remainder of school for after school and summer usage.
a. P.E./Activity Storage		(		
(ea. @ 100 sq.ft.)	ı	7	(200)	Storage of P.E./Activity Area equipment. Provide two doors, one leading into each
O CHILDREN				nail of P.E./Activity Area.
S. SIUDEN! PATIO AREA	ı	3	1	. "Patio" area for students to relax and meet informally. Should relate to student
				Dining Area, P.E./Activity Area and Pool Area. The area would be used both for
				seitos and community activities.



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## J. PHYSICAL EDUCATION

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5. Boys' Locker Area

2. Remedial Gym

6. Girls' Locker Area

. P.E./Activity Area

7. Pool Area

. Offices/Dressing Rooms

8. Field Area

The physical education program provides opportunity for each student to develop physically, mentally and socially. A program should be developed that will aid in the development of physical growth and fitness Therefore, the physical education plant must provide both indoor and outdoor facilities to familiarize and a favorable attitude toward continuing some aspect of physical exercise for recreational purposes. students with various sports and games.

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Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
1. MAIN GYMNASIUM			11,100	The nucleus of all P.E. facilities. Relate to outside play and Field Area, P.E./ Activity Area, and Pool Area. Intra-school athletic activities should be well organized. The middle school need not provide for spectator crowds as minimal interschool competition occurs.
a. Gymnasium (divisible)	1	1	(10,800)	. Divide gymnasium into two units with electrically operated partition (one area for boys and one area for girls); each unit should be approximately 60 ft.by 90 ft. Minimum ceiling clearance of 22 ft.
				. Walls should be capable of supporting gym equipment, e.g., basketball goals.
				. Provide two separate basketball courts and cross courts with movable baskets.
				. Direct access to P.E./Activity Area with visual supervision of gymnasium from Teacher Office Area.
b. Gymnasium Storage (ea. @ 150 sq.ft.)	1	W	(300)	. Storage areas for larger portable gym equipment. Shelving provided for smaller gym equipment.

equipment.

. One entrance to boys' gym and one entrance to girls' gym area. Provide double doorway without sills for movement of portable P.E.

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<u>જ</u>	Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
2.	. REMEDIAL GYM	18	7	1,100	Instructional station for small group physical development with minimum ceiling height of 10 feet. Include area for securing of equipment (about 50 sq.ft.). Student can use Gym Dressing/Shower facilities; therefore, relate to P.E. Locker Area. Also relate to P.E. Teacher Office Area.
ъ,	P.E./ACTIVITY AREA	50	2	(4,200)*	Used by pupils as auxiliary gym prior/following lunch periods. Areas used as informal recreational centers during lunch periods. Divide each area with movable partitions for classroom usage, e.g., health classes.
4	OFFICES/DRESSING ROOMS			820	Offices/dressing facilities for P.E.swimming and remedial gym staff. Office area provides visual supervision of Gymnasium. Relate to Remedial Gym and auxiliary F.E./Activity Areas.
	a. Men's Office (ea. @ 60 sq.ft.)	ហ	1	(300)	. Relate to Boys' Locker Area. Immediate access and visual supervision of Gymnasium.
	b. Men's Dressing/Shower Area	9	7	(100)	. Immediate access to Men's P.E. Office. Provide lockers, shower facilities and toilet facilities.

<sup>\*</sup> Footage allocated in Dining/Activity Center.

## J. PHYSICAL EDUCATION (continued)

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Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
4. OFFICES/DRESSING ROOMS (continued)				
c. Women's P.E. Office (ea. 0 60 sq.ft.)	S	ч	(300)	. Relate to Girls' Locker Area. Immediate access and visual supervision of Gymnasium.
d. Women's P.E. Dressing/Locker Area	9	П	(120)	. Immediate access to Women's P.E. Office. Provide lockers, shower facilities and toilet facilities.
5. BOYS' LOCKER AREA			2,660	Put on same level as Gymnasium.

Pool and into Shower/Drying Area. Relate to corridor entrance/exit within proximity of office area. Provide for ease of supervision by instructors.

. Direct access to Gymnasium and Swimming

(2,000)

100

Locker Area

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- for community use as swimming pool dressing area.

  Equip with minimum of 80 eight and one lockers (8 box, 1 dressing) on raised base, with provisions to add approximately 15 additional eight and one lockers if enrollment exceeds 1200 pupils.
- . Fixed benches installed in front of each tier of lockers.
- . Provide ventilation of lockers and locker area.

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PHYSICAL

Space		Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Spicial Considerations
S. BOYS	BOYS' LOCKER AREA (continued)				
od od	Locker Area (continued)				. Provide lockable doors between locker room and shower/dry/towel area.
ъ. S	Shower/Dry/Towel Area	ı	1	•	. Provide non-slip floor surface and tiled walls.
£ .	) Gang Shower	1	1	(270)	. Cang-type walk-through shower area with remote temperature control. Provide a mixing water/soap spray at entrance to shower area with remote control.
					. Equip with shower heads that are flush with wall.
					. Direct access from Locker Area and to Dry Room. Students must pass towel dispens- ing area as they leave shower area.
2)	Private Showers (ea. @ 20 sq.ft.)	7	4	(80)	. Relate to Dry Room and Gang Showers with direct access to Locker Room.
3)	Toilets	t	1	ı	. Provide two enclosed toilets in shower area.
4	Dry Room	•	<b>.</b>	(250)	. Enter from shower area. Room provides space for toweling after shower. Towels issued prior to entering Dry Room with provisions to deposit towel in disposal bin as exiting

. Direct access into Locker Area.

Dry Room.

	inued)
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Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
5. BOYS' LOCKER AREA (continued)				
b. Shower/Dry/Towel Area (continued)				
5) Towel Room	1	1	(09)	. Provisions for storage of clean and soiled towels. Towel disposal bin at exit of Dry Room.
				. Fowel issue area related to Gang Shower/ Pri/ate Shower exit. Dutch doors opening for issue.
6. GIRLS' LOCKER AREA			2,700	Same as Boys' Locker Area except provide 6 private showers and 3 enclosed toilets. This slightly increases square footage needed for Girls' Locker Area.
7. POOL AREA			9,530	Area for swimming instruction, recreation

Area for swimming instruction, recreation and joint school/community usage. Relate to community access routes, P.E./Activity Area and Student Patio Area. Pool area must be isolated from school yet have access to portions of Girls'/Boys' Locker Areas and shower facilities in Gymnasium. Make provisions so cnly portion of locker area accessible for after school community usage.

Consideration for year-round heating, ventilation, and humidity control. Limited fenestration, ceiling height must permit diving (minimum 22 ft.).

## J. PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Space		Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
7. Pd	POOL AREA (continued)				Deck area of a non-slip material and wide enough to provide instructional areas. Provide loudspeaker system with convenient mike jacks.
<b>ત</b>	. Swimming Pool	80	п	(3, 380)	Dimensions 45'x 75'l". Depth of pool: 3'6" at ends and 4'6" in middle. Provide minimum of two teaching stations.
					. Clearly mark pool with six competitive swimming lanes marked with tiles in pool floor. Center lanes 7' and side lanes 8½',
å	. Diving Pool	1	<b>-</b>	(1,050)	<ul> <li>Separate pool for diving instruction,</li> <li>Minimum depth of diving pool 12 ft,</li> <li>Size 30'x 35' with two one-meter diving</li> <li>boards.</li> </ul>
ပ်	Pool Office	ı	г	(250)	. Facilities for pool manager during evening and summer recreational usage. Includes dressing area for instructors, Visual supervision of pool area.
					. Relate to pool area entrance and also to locker/shower area.
ġ	Storage	ı	1	(150)	. Stcrage of pool cleaning equipment.
ö			-	(200)	. Mechanical equipment.
<b>પાં</b>	Deck Circulation	ı	7	(4,500)	. Instructional space and circulation area around swimming and diving pools.

J. PHYSICAL EDUCATION (continued)

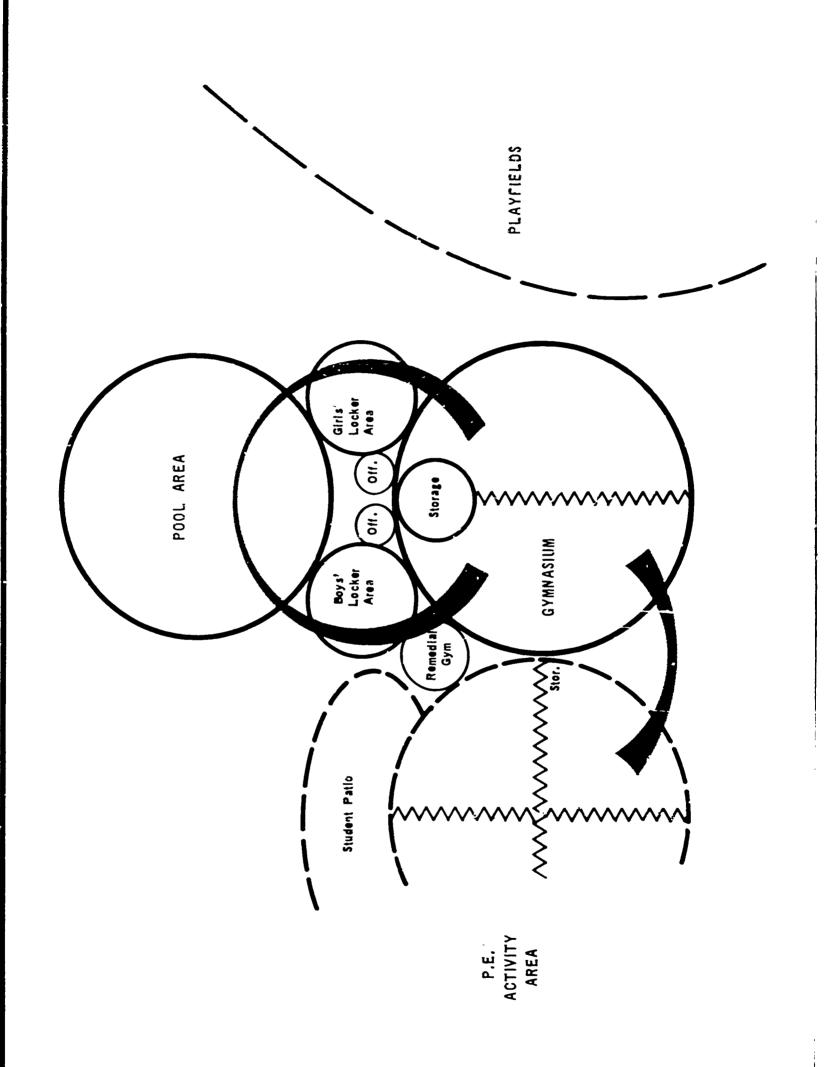
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Description of Functions and Special Considerations Net Area Total No. Units Unit Cap. Space

8. FIELD AREA

Relate to Main Gymnasium and Locker Area, Area for play and athletic fields, Provide play area that would permit organized activities for soccer, softball, etc.

Total outdoor and indoor recreationational and physical education space must equal a minimum of 100 square feet per pupil enrolled.



K. NAINTENANCE AND OPERATION

1. Receival/Storage/Repair Area

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Men's Change Room

Women's Change Room

4. Anteroom

5. Custodian's Office

6. Custodial Storage Areas

The service facility is required for coordination of maintenance functions and the receipt and distribution of instructional and maintenance supplies, with separate facilities for the storage of instructional and maintenance supplies.

personnel, and an office area for the custodian. Scattered through the building should lockers for men of the custodial buildings and grounds staff and for women custodial and equipment, a minor repairs area, toilets, change rooms, with shower, toilet and be custodial storage areas that provide space for a standard slop-sink with hot and cold running water, room for storage of mops, carts, brooms, shelves for storage of The facility should include in addition to storage areas for maintenance of tools cleaning and preservative supplies.

## K. MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION

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ids	Space	Unit Cap.	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
	RECEIVAL/STORAGE/REPAIR AREA	•	-	1,200	Locate adjacent to main "boiler room" or mechanical area of buildings. One open space that zones area for supply receival, supply storage and repair of items. Separate areas with security-type provisions. Repair work area should permit security of tools, repairable items and new parts.
					Provide area with complete communication system (e.g., P.A., telephone, clock) and provide adjustable shelving in storage zone. Also provision should be made for running water and lavatory.
					Provide loading dock with overhead door entrance for delivery of supplies. Loading dock should be easily accessibl for truck delivery.
e,	MEN'S CHANGE ROOM	•	-	150	Direct access to Antereom area. Provide toilet, (1 WC, 1 urinal, 1 lavatory) 1 shower and lockers in this area for 6 men.
ы.	WOMEN'S CHANGE ROOM		-	175	Direct access to Antercom area. Provide toilet (2 WC, 1 lavatory), I shower and lockers in this area for 12 women.

(continued)
OPERATION
AND
MAINTENANCE
χ.

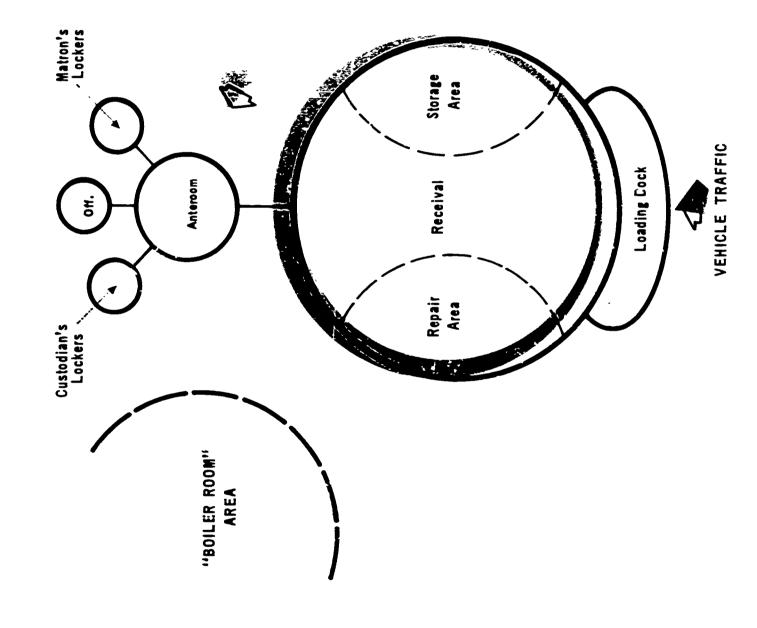
ERIC Full Taxt Provided by ERIC

Sp	Space	Unit	No. Units	Total Net Area	Description of Functions and Special Considerations
<b>→</b>	ANTEROOM	1	-	150	Direct access to main traffic circulation, Gustodian's office and Receival/Storage/Repair Area. Equip with bulletin board and lounge furniture.
5.	CUSTODIAN'S OFFICE	•		7.5	Direct access to Antercom area. Relate to Receival/Storage/Repair area.
•	CUSTODIAL STORAGE AREAS	1	12	8 4 0	Space for storage of daily custodial tools and supplies. To be located appropriately for convenience, two to four stations per floor level.

Provide shelving for storage of mops, brooms, and supplies.

Open floor space for cart, polisher

or vacuum.



ERIC Full feet Provided by ERIC

AND FINALLY...

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Design objectives and subsequent facility implications were then developed From a brief delineation all leading to the detailed facility specifications -- in which each space and its The preceding sections of these Educational Criteria contain a description of the of both present and foreseeable educational programs in middle schools, and from conferences with educators of the District, facility planning assumptions were planning process for the new Philadelphia middle school. relationship to other spaces is described. derived.

school design will serve the needs of the students and staff of the District, both This document represents the thinking of many individuals both within and outside the School District of Philadelphia. As such, it is expected that the resulting for the present and the foreseeable future.